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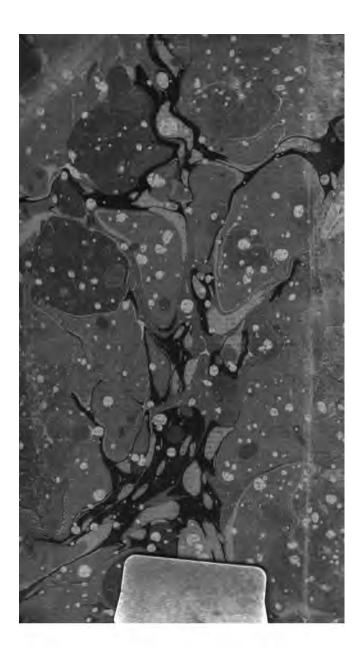
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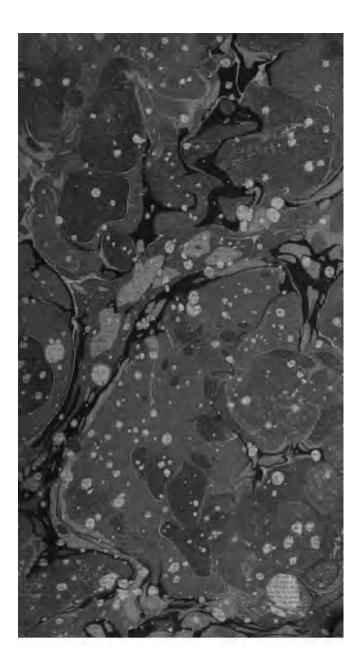
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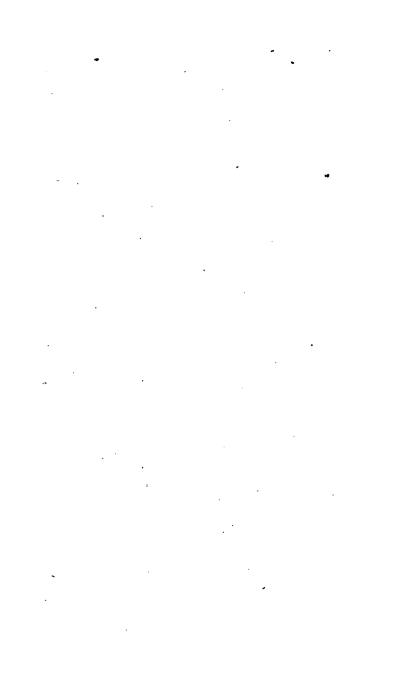




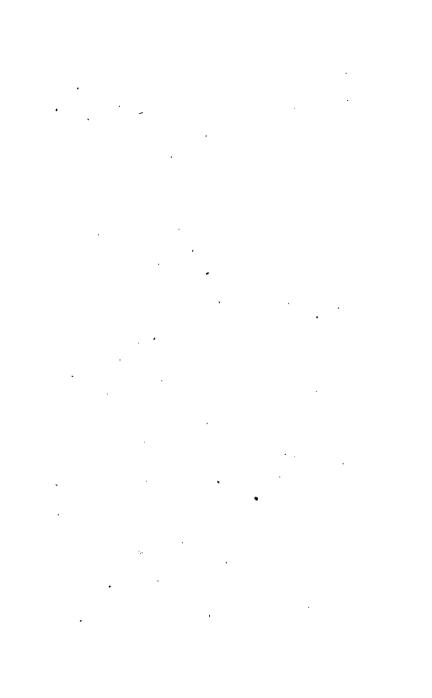


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## P O E M S

O N

### SEVERAL OCCASIONS.

BY MR. JOHN GAY.

VOLUME THE SECOND.



#### LONDON:

Printed for J. and R. Tonson, H. Woodfall, W. Strahan, R. Baldwin, T. Caslon, T. Longman, B. Law, T. Pote, J. Johnson and B. Davenfort, and T. Cadell. MDCCLXVII.



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## EPISTLES

ON

SEVERAL OCCASIONS.

Vol. II.

B



## EPISTLE L

#### TO A LADY.

Occasioned by the Arrival of HER ROYAL

ADAM, to all your censures I submit,
And frankly own I should long since have
writ:

You told me, filence would be thought a crime, And kindly strove to teaze me into rhyme:

B . 2

No

#### EPISTLES.

No more let trifling themes your Muse employ, Nor lavish verse to paint a semale toy: No more on plains with rural damsels sport, But sing the glories of the British court.

By your commands and inclination sway'd, I call'd th' unwilling Muses to my aid; Resolv'd to write, the noble theme I chose, And to the Princess thus the Poem rose.

Aid me, bright Phoebus; aid, ye facred Nine's
Exalt my Genius, and my verse refine.

My strains with Carolina's name I grace,
The lovely parent of our royal race.

Breathe soft, ye winds, ye waves in silence sleep;
Let prosp'rous breezes wanton o'er the deep,
Swell the white sails, and with the streamers play,
To wast ber gently o'er the watry way.

Here I to Neptune form'd a pompous pray'r, To rein the winds, and guard the royal Fair; Bid the blue Tritons found their twisted shells, And call the Nereids from their pearly cells.

Thu

'Thus my warm zeal had drawn the Muse along,
Yet knew no method to conduct her song:
I then resolv'd some model to pursue,
Perus'd French Criticks, and began anew.
Long open panegyrick drags at best,
And praise is only praise when well address'd.

Straight Horace for some lucky ode I sought:
And all along I trac'd him thought by thought:
This new performance to a friend I show'd;
For shame, says he, what, imitate an Ode!
I'd rather ballads write, and Grab-street lays.
Than pillage Casur for my patron's praise:
One common sate all imitators share,
To save mince-pies, and cap the grocer's ware.
Vex'd at the charge, I to the slames commit
Rhymes, similies, Lords names, and ends of wit;
In blotted stanzas scraps of Odes expire,
And sustain mounts in Pyramids of sire.

Ladies, to you I next inscrib'd my lay,
And writ a letter in familiar way:
For still impatient till the Princess came,
You from description wish'd to know the dame.

#### EPISTLES.

Each day my pleasing labour larger grew,
For still new graces open'd to my view.
Twelve lines ran on to introduce the theme,
And then I thus pursu'd the growing scheme.

6

Beauty and wist were fure by nature join'd,
And charms are emanations of the mind;
The foul transpiercing through the spining frame,
Forms all the graces of the Princely Dame:
Benevolence her conversation guides,
Smiles on her cheek, and in her eye resides.
Such harmony upon her tongue is found,
As softens English to Italian sound:
Yet in those sounds such sentiments appear,
As charm the Judgment, while they sooth the ears.

Religion's chearful flame her beform warms, Calms all her hours, and brightens all her charms. Henceforth, ye Fair, at chapel mind your pray'rs, Nor catch your lower's eyes with artful airs; Restrain your looks, kneel more, and whisper less, Nor most dewantly criticize an dress.

From her form all your characters of life, The tender mether, and the faithful wife. Of have I see her little infant train,
The lovely promise of a fature reign;
Observed with pleasure every dawning grace,
And all the mather opening in their face;
The son shall address bonemes to the line,
And early with paternal wirtness since;
When he the tale of Audenard repeats,
His little heart with emulation heats;
With conquests yet to come his hoster slows,
He dreams of triumphs and of wanquish differs.
Each year with earls shall slore his ripuing brain,
And from his Grandsine he shall learn to reign.

Thus far I'd gone: Propitious rifing gales
Now bid the failor hoift the swelling fails.
Fair Carolina lands; the cannons roar,
White Albion's cliffs resound from shore to shore.
Behold the bright original appear,
All praise is faint when Carolina's near.
Thus to the nation's joy, but Poet's cost,
'The Princess came, and my new plan was lost.

Since all my schemes were banked, my last resert, I lest the Muses to ifrequent the Court;

B 4

Penfive

#### EPISTLES.

.2

. . . . . <u>.</u>

Fensive each night, from room to room I walk'd. To one I bow'd, and with another talk'd: Enquir'd what news, or such a Lady's name, And did the next day, and the next, the fame, Places, I found, were daily given away, And yet no friendly Gazette mention'd Gsy. I ask'd a friend what method to pursue; He cry'd, I want a place as well as you. Another ask'd me, why I had not writ; A Poet owes his fortune to his wit. Straight I reply'd, With what a courtly grace, Flows easy verse from him that has a place! Had Virgil ne'er at court improv'd his strains, He fill had fung of flocks and homely swains: And had not Herace sweet preferment found, The Roman lyre had never learnt to found.

Once Ladies fair in homely guise I sung,
And with their names wild woods and mountains rung.

Oh teach me now to strike a softer strain!

The Court resines the language of the plain.

You must, cries one, the Ministry rehearse, And with each Patriot's name prolong your verse.

But

But fure this truth to Poets should be known, That praising all alike, is praising none.

Another told me, if I wish'd success,
To some distinguish'd Lord I must address;
One whose high virtues speak his noble blood,
One always zealous for his country's good;
Where valour and strong eloquence unite,
In council cautious, resolute in sight;
Whose gen'rous temper prompts him to desend,
And patronize the man that wants a friend.
You have, 'tis true, the noble Patron shown,
But I, alas! am to Argyle unknown.

Still every one I met in this agreed,
That writing was my method to succeed;
But now preferments so posses'd my brain,
That scarce I could produce a single strain:
Indeed I sometimes hammer'd out a line,
Without connection as without design.
One morn upon the Princes this I writ,
An Epigram that boasts more truth than wit.

The pemp of titles easy saith might shake, She scorn'd an empire for religion's sake: For this, on earth the British crown is giv'n, And an immortal crown decreed in heav'n.

Again, while GEORGE's virtues rais'd my thought, The following lines prophetick fancy wrought.

Methinks I see some Bard, whose heavenly rage Shall rise in song, and warm a future age; Look back through time, and, rapt in wonder, trace The glorious series of the Branswick race.

From the first George the godlike kings descend,
A line which only with the world shall end.
The next a gentrous Prince renown'd in arms,
And bles'd, long blest d in Carolina's charms;
From these the rest. 'Tis thus secure in peace,
We plow the fields, and reap the year's increase:
Now Commerce, avealthy Goddess, roars her head,
And hids Britannia's states their canvas stread;
Unnumber'd ships the peopled ocean hide,
And wealth returns with each revolving tide.

Here

#### EPISTLES.

II.

Here paus'd the fullen Muse, in haste I dress'd,

And through the croud of needy courtiers press'd;

Though unsuccessful, happy whilst I see,

Those eyes that glad a nation, shine on me.



## EPISTLE II.

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE

### EARL OF BURLINGTON.

### A Journey to EXETER.

HILE you, my Lord, bid stately piles ascend,
Or in your Chistick bow'rs enjoy your friend;
Where Pope unloads the boughs within his reach,
The purple vine, blue plumb, and blushing peach;
I journey far—You knew fat Bards might tire,
And, mounted, sent me forth your trusty Squire.

'Twas on the day when city dames repair To take their weekly dose of Hide Park air;

When

When forth we trot: no carts the road infest, For still on Sandays country horses rest. Thy gardens, Kenfington, we leave unfeen; Through Hammersmith jog on to Turnham-green: That Turnbam-green, which dainty pigeons fed, But feeds no more: for \* Solomon is dead. Three dusty miles reach Brentford's tedious town. For dirty streets, and white-legg'd chickens known: Thence o'er wide shrubby heaths, and furrow'd lanes, We come, where Thames divides the meads of Stanes. We ferry'd o'er; for late the winter's flood Shook her frail bridge, and tore her piles of wood. Prepar'd for war, now Bay shot-Heath we cross, Where broken gamesters oft repair their loss. At Hartley-Row the foaming bit we prest, While the fat landlord welcom'd ev'ry guest. Supper was ended, healths the glasses crown'd, Our host extoll'd his wine at ev'ry round. Relates the Justices late meeting there. How many bottles drank, and what their cheer: What Lords had been his guests in days of yore, And prais'd their wisdom much, their drinking more.

<sup>·</sup> A man lately famous for feeding pigeons at Turnham-green.

## EPISTLES

74:

Let travellers the morning vigils keep: The morning rose, but we lay fast asleep-Twelve tedious miles we bore the fultry fun. And Popham-Lane was scarce in sight by one: The straggling village harbour'd thieves of old. "I'was here the stage-coach'd lass resign'd her gold; That gold which had in London purchas'd gowns. And fent her home a Belle to country towns. But robbers haunt no more the neighbouring wood: Here unown'd infants find their daily food: For should the maiden mother nurse her son, "Twould spoil her match when her good name is gone. Our folly hostess nineteen children bore, Nor fail'd her breaft to suckle nineteen more. Be just, ve Prudes, wipe off the long arrear: Be virgins still in town, but mothers here.

Satton we pass, and leave her spacious down,
And with the setting sun reach Stockbridge town.
O'er our parch'd tongue the rich metheglin glides,
And the red dainty trout our knife divides.
Sad melancholy ev'ry visage wears;
What, no election come in seven long years!

† Of all our race of Mayors, shall Saseu alone.

Be by Sir Richard's dedication known?

Our fireets no more with tides of ale shall float,.

Nor coblers feast three years upon one vote.

Nextmorn, twelvemiles led o'erth' unbounded plain.

Where the cloak'd shepherd guides his sleecy train.

No least how'ss a neon-day shelter lend.

Nor from the shilly dewast night defend:

With wondrous art, he counts the straggling slock,...

And by the sun informs you what's a clock.

How are our shepherds fall'n from antient days!

No Amaryllis chaunts alternate lays;

From her no list'ning ecchoes learn to sing.

Nor with his reed the jocund valleys ring.

Here sheep the pasture hide, there harvests bend,.
See Sarum's steeple o'er you hill ascend,
Our horses faintly trot beneath the heat,
And our keen stemachs know the hour to eat.

Who

<sup>†</sup> Sir Richard Steele, Member for Stockbeidge, weete a treatife called The Importance of Dunkirk confidered, and dedicated it to Mr. John Snow, Bailiff of Stockbridge.

## i ÉPISTLES.

Who can forfake thy walls, and not admire
The proud cathedral, and the lofty spire?
What sempstress has not prov'd thy scissars good?
From hence first came th' intriguing riding-hood.
Amid † three boarding-schools well stock'd with misses,
shall three knight-errants starve for want of kisses?

C'er the green turf the miles slide swift away,
And Blandford ends the labours of the day.

The morning rose; the supper recking paid,
And our due feet differing to man and maid,
The ready offler near the stirrup stands,
And as we mount, our half-pence load his hands.

Now the steep hist fair Dorchester o'erlooks, Border'd by meads, and wash'd by silver brooks. Here steep my two companions eyes supprest, And propt in elbow chairs they snoring rest: I weary sit, and with my pencil trace Their painful postures, and their eyeless face; Then dedicate each glass to some sair name, And on the sash the diamond scrawls my stame.

There are three bearding-schools in this town.

## EPISTLES.

Now o'er true Roman way our horfes found,
Gravim would kneel, and kifs the facred ground.
On either fide low fertile vallies lie,
. The distant prospects tire the travelling eye.
Through Bridgers's stony lanes our rout we take,
And the proud steep descend to Morcombe's lake.
As herses pass'd, our landlord robb'd the pall,
And with the mournful scutcheon hung his hall.
On unadulterate wine we here regale,
And strip the lobster of his scarlet mail.

We climb'd the hills, when starry night arose, And Axminster affords a kind repose.

The maid subdu'd by sees, her trunk unlocks, And gives the cleanly aid of dowlas smocks.

Mean time our shirts her busy singers rub,

While the soap lathers o'er the soaming tub.

If women's geer such pleasing dreams incite,

Lend us your smocks, ye damsels, ev'ry night!

We rise, our beards demand the barber's art;

A semale enters, and performs the part.

The weighty golden chain adorns her neck,

And three gold rings her skilful hand bedeck:

Smooth

18

Smooth o'er our chin her easy fingers move, Soft as when Venus stroak'd the beard of Jays.

Now from the steep, midst scatter'd farms and groves. Our eye through Honiton's fair valley roves. Behind us foon the bufy town we leave, Where finest lace industrions lasses weave. Now swelling clouds roll'd on; the rainy load Stream'd down our hats, and fmoak'd along the road a. When (O blest fight!) a friendly sign we spy'd, Our spurs are slacken'd from the horses side; For fure a civil host the house commands, Upon whose fign this courteous motto stands, This is the ancient band, and eke the pen; Here is for borfes bay, and meat for men. How rhyme would flourish, did each son of fame Know his own genius, and direct his flame! Then he, that could not Epic flights rehearfe. Might sweetly mourn in Elegiac verse. But were his Muse for Elegy unit, Perhaps a Distich might not strain his wit; If Epigram offend, his harmless lines, Might in gold letters swing on ale-house signe.

Then.

Then Hobbins might propagate his bays,
And Tuttle-fields record his simple lays;
Where rhymes like these might lure the nurses eyes,
While gaping infants squawl for farthing pies.
Treat bere, ye shepberds blithe, your damsels sweet,
For pies and cheefecakes are for damsels meet.
Then Maurus in his proper sphere might shine,
And these proud numbers grace greats William's signitive to the man, this the Nassovian, whom.
I man'd the brave deliverer to come.
But now the driving gales suspend the rain,
Warmant our steads, and Down's city gain.
Hail happy native land! but I sorbeer.
What other Counties must with camy hear.

Blackmose's Priace Arthur, Book V.



## EPISTLE III

::

TO THE RIGHT MONOURABLE

### WILLIAM PULTENEY, ESQ

# PULT'NET, methinks you blame my breach word;

What, cannot Paris one poor page afford?
Yes, I can fagely, when the times are past,
Laugh at those follies which I strove to taste,
And each amusement, which we shar'd, review,
Pleas'd with meer talking, since I talk to you.
But how shall I describe in humble prose,
Their Balls, Assemblies, Operas, and Beaus?
In prose! you cry: Oh no, the Muse must aid,
And leave Parnassus for the Tuillerie's shade;
Shall he (who late Britannia's city trod,
And led the draggled Muse, with pattens shod,

7 hrou

Through dirty lanes, and alleys doubtful ways)
Refuse to write, when Paris asks his lays!

Well then, I'll try. Descend, ye beauteous Nine,
In all the colours of the rainbow shine,
Let sparkling stars your neck and ear adorn,
Lay on the blushes of the crimson morn,
So may ye Balls and gay Assemblies grace,
And at the Opera claim the foremost place.

Trav'lers should ever sit expression chase.

Nor with low phrase the losty theme abuse.

When they describe the state of eastern Lords,

Pomp and magnisseence should swell their words;

And when they paint the serpent's scaly pride,

Their sines should his, their numbers smoothly slide;

But they, unmindful of Poetick rules,

Describe alike Mockaws, and great Moguls.

Dampier would thus, without ill-meaning satire,

Dress forth in simple style the Petit-maitre.

In Paris, there's a race of animals, (Pwe seen them at their Operas and Balls) They stand erea, they dance when-e'er they walk, Monkeys in action, perroquets in talk; \*

They're crown'd with feathers, like the cocketoe,
And, like camelions, dail, change their bue;
From patches jufly plac'd they berrow gences,
iand with vermilion lacker o'er their faces,
This suftom, as we wifibly differn;
They, by frequenting Ladies toilesses, learn.
Thus might the trav'ler eafy truth impart.
Into the subject let me nobly start?

How happy fives the man, how fare to charm, Whose knot embroider'd flutters down his arm? On him the Ladies cast the yielding glance; Sigh in his songs, and languish in his dance; While wretched is the Wit, contemn'd, forson, Whose gustiny hat no scarlet plumes adorn; No broider'd flowers his worsted ankle grace, Nor cane emboss'd with gold directs his pace; No Lady's favour on his sword is hung. What, though Apollo dictate from his tongue, His wit is spiritless and word of grace, Who wants th' assurance of brocade and lace. While the gay sop genteely talks of weather, The fair in raptures doas upon his seather;

Like

Take a Coust Lady though he write and spell;
His minuet step was fashion'd by + Marcel;
He dresses, feaces. What avails to know?

For women chase their men, like sike; for show.

Is this the thing, you cry, that Paris buasts?

Is this the thing renown'd among our teasts?

For such a flutt'ring sight we need not roam.

Let us into the field of beauty flart;
Beauty's a theme that ever warm'd my heart.
Think not, ye Frie, that I the fex accuse:
How shall I space you, prompted by the Muser'.
(The Muses all are Prudes) she rails, she frets.
Amidst this springledy nation of Coquetter;
Yet let not us their soofe coquett'ry blame;
Women of every nation are the same.

You ask me, if Parisan dames, like ours,
With rattling dice prophane the Sunday's hours;
If they the gamester's pale-ey'd vigils keep,
And stake their honour while their husbands sleep?
Yes, Sir.; like English Toasts, the dames of France
Will risque their income on a single chance.

† A famous dencing mafter.

Nannette

Namette last night a tricking Pharaen play'd,
The cards the Taillier's sliding hand obey'd,
To-day her neck no brilliant circle wears,
Nor the ray-darting pendant loads her ears.
Why does old Ebleris an Assembly hold?
Chloris each night divides the sharper's gold.
Corinna's cheek with frequent losses burns,
And no bold Treme le va her fortune turns.
Ah too rash virgin! where's thy virtue slown?
She pawns her person for the sharper's loan.
Yet who with justice can the fair upbraid,
Whose debts of honour are so duely paid?

But let me not forget the Toilette's cares,

Where art each morn the languid cheek repairs:

This red's too pale, nor gives a distant grace;

Madame to day puts on her Opera face;

From this we scarce extract the milk-maid's bloom,

Bring the deep dye that warms across the room:

Now slames her cheek, so strong her charms prevail,

That on her gown the silken rose looks pale!

Not but that France some native beauty boasts,

Clermont and Charolois might grace our Toasts.

When

When the fweet-breathing spring unfolds the buds. Love flies the dufly town for shady woods. Then Twenbam fields with toving beauty swarm. And Hampstead Balls the city virgin warm. I hen Chelfea's meads o'erhear perfidious vows, And the prest grass defrauds the grazing cows, \*Tis here the same; but in a higher sphere, For ev'n Court Ladies sin in open air. What Cit with a gallant would trust his spouse Beneath the tempting shade of Greenwich boughs? What Peer of France would let his Duchels rove. Where Boulegne's closest woods invite to love? But here no wife can blast her husband's fame, Cuckold is grown an honourable name. Stretch'd on the grass the shepkerd sighs his pain. And on the grass what shepherd fighs in vain? On Chloe's lap here Damon lay'd along, Melts with the languish of her am'rous song: There Iris flies Palamon through the glade, Nor trips by chance—'till in the thickest shade: Here Celimene defends her lips and breaft, For kisses are by struggling closer prest;

Axexis there with eager flame grows bold,

Nor can the nymph his wanton fingers hold;

Be wife, Alexis; what, so near the road!

Hark, a coach rolls, and husbands are abroad!

Such were our pleasures in the days of yore,

When am'rous Charles Britannia's scepter bore;

The nightly scene of joy the Park was made,

And Love in couples peopled every shade.

But fince at Court the rural taste is lost,

What mighty sums have velvet couches cost!

Sometimes the Tuillerie's gawdy walk I love,
Where I through crouds of ruflling manteau's rove;
As here from fide to fide my eyes I cast,
And gaz'd on all the glitt'ring train that past,
Sudden a fop steps forth before the rest;
I knew the bold embroidery of his vest.
He thus accosts me with familiar air,
Parbleu! on a fait cet habit en Angleterre!
Quelle manche! ce galon est grossiérement rangé;
Voila quelque chose de fort beau et degagé!
This said: On his red heel he turns, and then
Hums a soft minuet, and proceeds agen.

Well; now you've Paris feen, you'll frankly own Your boafted London feems a country town; Has Christianity yet reach'd your nation? Are chunches built? Are Masquerades in fashion? Do daily Soups your dinners introduce? Are mufick, Snuff, and coaches yet in use? Pardon me, Sir; we know the Paris mode, And gather Politesse from Courts abroad. Like you, our Courtiers keep a num'rous train To load their coach; and tradesmen dun in vain. Nor has religion left us in the lurch, And, as in France, our vulgar croud the Church; Our Ladies too support the Masquerade, The fex by nature love th' intriguing trade. Straight the vain fop in ign'rant rapture cries, Paris the barbarous world will civilize! Pray, Sir, point out among the passing band The present Beauties who the town command. See gonder dame; firiel virtue chills ler breaft, Mark in her eye demure the Prude profest; That frezen b fom native fire must want, Which boafts of corflancy to one Gallant! This next the Spoils of fifty lowers wears, Rich Dandin's brilliant favours grace ber ears;

The necklace Florio's pen'reus flame beflowed, Clitander's sparkling gems ber finger load; But now ber charms grow cheap by conftant ufe, She fins for fearfi, clock'd flockings, knots, and floors. This next, with fober gait and ferious leer, Wearies ber knees with morn and evining prayer : She scorns the ignoble love of seeble pages. But with three Abbets in one night engages. This with the Cardinal ber nights employe, Where holy finewes confecrate her jogs. Why have I promised things beyond my power! Five affiguations wait me at this hour, The sprightly Countess first my wist claims, To-morrow fall indu'ge inferior dames. Pardon me, Sir, that thus I take my have, Gay Florimella filly twitch'd my fleeve.

Adieu, Monsieur—The Opera hour draws near.

Not see the Opera! all the world is there;

Where on the stage th' embroider'd youth of France
In bright array attract the semale glance:

This languishes, this struts, to show his mien,
And not a gold-clock'd seeking moves unseen.

But hark! the full Orchifine finite the firings;
The Hero firuts, and the whole audience fings.

My jarring ear harsh grating murmurs wound,
Hoarse and consus'd, like Babel's mingled sound.
Hard chance had plac'd me near a noisy throat,
That in rough quavers bellow'd ev'ry note.
Pray Sir, says I, suspend a-while your song,
The Opera's drown'd; your lungs are wond rous strong;

I wish to hear your Reland's ranting strain,
While he with record forces strows the plain.
Sudden he shrugs supprize, and answers quick,
Monsieur apparemment n'aime pas la musique.
Then turning round, he join'd th' ungrateful noise;
And the loud Chorus thunder'd with his voice.

O footh me with some soft Italian air,
Let harmony compose my tortur'd ear!
When Anastaia's voice commands the firain,
The melting warble thrills through ev'ry vein;
Thought stands suspense, and silence pleas'd attends.
While in her notes the heav'nly Choir descends.

But you'll imagine I'm a Frenchman grown,
Pleas'd and content with nothing but my own,
So strongly with this prejudice possest,
He thinks French musick and French painting best.
Mention the force of learn'd Corelli's notes,
Some scraping sidler of their Ball he quotes;
'Talk of the spirit Raphael's pencil gives,
Yet warm with life whose speaking picture lives;
Yes Sir, says he, in colour and design,
Rigaus and Raphael are extremely fine!

'Tis true his country's love transports his breaft With warmer zeal, than your old Greeks profest.

Ulysses lov'd his Ishaca of yore,

Yet that sage trav'ler lest his native shore;

What stronger virtue in the Frenchman shines!

He to dear Paris all his life consines.

I'm not so fond. There are, I must confess,

Things which might make me love my country less.

I should not think my Britain had such charms,

If lost to learning, if enslav'd by arms;

France has her Rieblists and her Colberts known,

And then, I grant it, France in science shone:

We too, I own, without fuch aids may chance.
In ignorance and pride to rival France.

But let me not forget Corneille, Ratine,

Boileau's strong sense, and Moliere's hum'rous Scene.

Let Cambray's name be sung above the rest,

Whose maxims, Pult'ney, warm thy patriot breast;

In Mentor's precepts wisdom strong and clear

Dictates sublime, and distant nations hear.

Hear all'ye Princes, who the world controul,

What cares, what terrors haunt the tyrant's soul;

His constant train are anger, fear, distrust.

To be a King, is to be good and just;

His people he protects, their rights he saves,

And scorns to rule a wretched race of slaves.

Happy, thrice happy shall the monarch reign,
Where guardian laws despotic power restrain!
There shall the plough-share break the stubborn land,
And bending harvest tire the peasant's hand:
There liberty her settled mansion boasts,
There commerce plenty brings from foreign coasts.
O Britain, guard thy laws, thy rights desend,
So shall these blessings to thy sons descend!

You'll think 'tis time some other theme to chuse, And not with Beaus and Fops satigue the Muse; Should I let Satire loose on English ground, There sools of various character abound; But here my verse is to one race consu'd, All Frenchmen are of Petit-maitre kind,



## EPISTLE IV.

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

### PAUL METHUEN, ESQ.

THAT the encouragement makes Science forced,

Is rarely practis'd, though 'tis often faid;
When learning droops and fickens in the land;
What Patron's found to lend a faving hand!
True gen'rous Spirits prosp'rous vice detest,
And love to cherish virtue when distrest:

C &

But

But ere our mighty Lords this scheme pursue, Our mighty Lords must think and act like you.

Why must we climb the Alpine mountain's sides. To find the seat where Harmony resides? Why touch we not so soft the silver lute, 'The cheerful haut-boy, and the mellow slute?' Tis not th' Italian clime improves the sound, But there the Patrons of her sons are sound.

Why flourish'd verse in great Augustus' reign? He and Mecanas lov'd the Muse's strain.
But now that wight in poverty must mourn Who was (Q cruel stars!) a Poet born.
Yet there are ways for authors to be great;
Write rane'rous libels to reform the State:
On if you chuse more sure and ready ways,
Spatter a Minister with sussements in enough;
Fear not, all men are dedication-proof.
Be bolder yet, you must go farther still,
Dip deep in ga! I thy mercenary quill.
He who his pen in party quarrels draws,
Lists an hir'd bravo to support the cause;

He must indulge his Patron's hate and spleen,
And stab the same of those he ne'er had seen.
Why then should authors mourn their desp'rate case?
Be brave, do this, and then demand a place.
Why art thou poor? exert the gifts to rise,
And banish tim'rous virtue from thy eyes.

All this feems modern preface, where we're told That wit is prais'd, but hungry lives and cold: Against th' ungrateful age these authors roar, And fancy learning starves because they're poor. Yet why should learning hope success at Court? Why should our Patriots virtue's cause support? Why to true merit should they have regard? They know that virtue is its own reward. Yet let not me of grievances complain, Who (though the meanest of the Muse's train) Can boast subscriptions to my humble lays, And mingle profit with my little praise.

Ask Painting, why she loves Hesperian air, Go view, she cries, my glorious labours there; There in rich palaces I reign in state, And on the temple's losty domes create.

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The Nobles view my works with knowing eyes,.
They love the fcience, and the painter prize.

Why didft thou, Kent, forego thy native land. To emulate in picture Raphael's hand? Think'st thou for this to raise thy name at home ? Go back, adorn the palaces of Rome: There on the walls let thy just labours shine, And Raphael live again in thy defign. Yet stay a while; call all thy genius forth. For Burlington unbyais'd knows thy worth = His judgment in thy master-strokes can trace: Titian's strong fire and Guido's softer grace; But, oh consider, ere thy works appear. Canst thou unhurt the tongue of envy hear? Censure will blame, her breath was ever spene To blast the laurels of the Eminent. While Burlington's proportion'd columns rife. Does not he stand the gaze of envious eyes? Doors, windows, are condemn'd by passing focis. Who know not that they damn Palladie's rules. If Chandois with a lib'ral hand bestow. Censure imputes it all to pomp and show :

When, if the motive right were understood, His daily pleasure is in doing good.

Had Pope with growtling numbers fill'd his page,.

Dennis had never kindled into rage.

'Tis the fublime that hurts the Critic's ease;

Write nonsense, and he reads and sleeps in peace.

Were Prior, Congresse, Swift and Pope unknown,,

Poor slander-selling Curll would be undone.

He who would free from malice pass his days,,

Must live obscure, and never merit praise.

But let this tale to valiant virtue tell.

The daily perils of deserving well.

A crow was firuting o'er the stubbled plain,,
Just as a lark descending clos'd his strain.
The crow bespoke him thus with solemn grace,
Thou most accomplish'd of the seather'd race,
What force of lungs! how clear! how sweet you sing!
And no bird soars upon a stronger wing.
The lark, who scorn'd soft flatt'ry, thus replies,
True, I sing sweet, and on strong pinion rise;
Yet let me pass my life from envy free,
For what advantage are these gifts to me?

My fong confines me to the wiry cage,
My flight provokes the faulcon's fatal rage.
But as you pass, I hear the fowlers say,
To shoot at crows is powder slung away.



A section of the control of

## EPISTLE V.

TO HER GRACE

## HENRIETTA,

### DUTCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH.

EXCUSE me, Madam, if amidst your tears A Muse intrudes, a Muse who feels your cares; Numbers, like musick, can ev'n grief controul, And lull to peace the tumults of the soul.

If partners in our woes the mind relieve,

Confider for your loss ten thousands grieve,

Th' affliction burthens not your heart alone;

When Marlbro' dy'd, a nation gave a groan.

Could

Could I recite the dang'rous toils he chose.

To bless his country with a fixt repose,

Could I recount the labours he o'ercame

To raise his country to the pitch of same,

His councils, sieges, his wictorious sights,

To save his country's laws and native rights,

No sather (ev'ry gen'rous heart must own)

Has stronger sondness to his darling shown.

Britannia's sighs a double loss deplore,

Her sather and her hero is no more.

Does Britain only pay her debt of tears?

Yes. Hellard fighs, and for her freedom fears.

When Gallia's monarch pour'd his wasteful bands,
Like a wide deluge, o'er her level lands,
She saw her frontier tow'rs in tuin fie,
Ev'n Liberty had prun'd her wings to sty;
Then Marlbro' came, deseated Gallia sted,
And shatter'd Belgia rais'd her languid head,
In him secure, as in her strongest mound
That keeps the raging sea within its bound.

O Germany, remember Hockftet's plain,. Where profirate Gallia bled at ev'ry vein,.

Think

Think on the refere of th' Imperial throne, Then think on Maribre's death without a groan!

Apollo kindly whilpers me. \* Be wife,

- " How to his glory shall thy numbers rise?
- 16 The force of verse another theme might raise,
- " But here the merit must transcend the praise.
- " Haff thou, presumptuous Bard, that godlike flame
- Which with the Sun shall last, and Marlbro's fame &
- "Then fing the man. But who can boast this fire ?
- " Refign the task, and filently admire."

Yet, shall he not in worthy lays be read?
Raise Honer, call up Virgil from the dead.
But he requires not the strong glare of verse.
Let punchal History his deeds rehearse,
Let Truth in native purity appear.
You'll find Achilles and Ansas there.

Is this the comfort which the Muse bestown?

I but include and aggravate your woes.

A prudent friend, who seeks to give relief,

Ne'es touches on the spring that mov'd the grief.

Is it not barb'rous to the fighing maid
To mention broken vows and nymphs betray'd?
Would you the ruin'd merchant's foul appeafe,
With talk of fands and rocks and ftormy feas?
Ev'n while I strive on Marlbre's fame to rife,
I call up forrow in a Daughter's eyes.

Think on the laurels that his temples shade,
Laurels that (spite of time) shall never fade;
Immortal Honour has enroll'd his name,
Detraction's dumb, and Envy put to shame;
Say, who can foar beyond his eagle flight?
Has he not reach'd to glory's utmost height?
What could he more, had Heaven prolong'd his date?
All human power is limited by fate.

Forbear. 'Tis cruel further to commends
I wake your forrow, and again offend.
Yet fure your goodness must forgive a crime,
Which will be spread through ev'ry age and clime;
Though in your life ten thousand summers roll,
And though you compass earth from pole to pole,
Where-e'er men talk of war and martial same,
They'll mention Marlisgough's and Caster's name.

But vain are all the counsels of the Muse,
A soul, like yours, cou'd not a tear resuse:
Could you your birth and silial love forego,
Still sighs must rise and gen'rous forrow flow;
For when from earth such matchless worth removes,
A great mind suffers. Virtue Virtue loves.



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# T A L E S.

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## T A L E S.

An Answer to the Sompner's Prologue of Chaucer.

In imitation of Chaucer's flyle.

THE Sompner leudly hath his Prologue told,
And faine on the Freers his tale japing and
bold;

How that in Hell they fearchen near and wide,
And ne one Freer in all thilke place espyde,
But lo! the devil turn'd his erse about,
And twenty thousand Freers wend in and out.
By which in Jeeffrys rhyming it appears,
The devil's belly is the hive of Freers.

Now

Now liftneth lordings! forthwith ye shall hear,
What happend at a house in Languist.

A misere that had londs and tenement,
Who raketh from his villaines taxes and rent,
Owned a house which emptye long yestood,
Full deeply sited in a derkning wood,
Murmring a shallow brook runneth along,
Mong the round stones it maken doleful fong.

Now there spreaden a rumour that everich night. The rooms inaunted been by many a sprite, The miller avoucheth, and all there about, That they full oft' hearen the hellish rout; Some saine they hear the jingking of chains, And some hath yheard the psautries straines, At midnight some the headless horse inneet, And some espien a corse in a white sheet, And oother things, saye, elsin and else, And shapes that fear createn to it selfe.

Now it so hapt, there was not ferre away,

Of grey Freezs a fair and rich Abbaye,

Where liven a Freez yeleped Pere Thomas,

Who daren alone in derke through church you'de pale.

This

This Freer would lye in thilke house all night, In hope he might espyen a dreadful sprite.

He taketh candie, beades, and holy watere,

And legends eke of Saintes, and bookes of prayere.

He entereth the room, and looketh round about,

And haspen the door to haspen the goblin out.

The candle hath he put close by the bed,

And in low tone his ave marye said.

With water now besprinkled hath the sloore,

And maken cross on key-hole of the doore.

Ne was there not a mouse-hole in thilke place,

But he y-crossed hath by God his grace:

He crossed hath this, and eke he crossed that,

With benedicite and God knows what.

Now he goeth to bed and lieth adown,

When the clock had just stricken the twelsth sound
Bethinketh him now what the cause had ibeen,
Why many sprites by mortals have been seen.

Hem remembreth how Dan Plutarch hath y-sed
That Casar's sprite came to Brute his bed;
Of chains that frighten erst Artemidore,
The tales of Pline, Valere, and many more.

Hem thinketh that some murdere here been done,
And he mought see some bloodye ghost anone,
Or that some orphlines writings here be stor'd,
Or pot of gold laine deep beneath a board:
Or thinketh hem, if he might see no sprite,
The Abbaye mought buy this house cheap outright.

As hem thus thinketh, anone afleep he lies,
Up starten Sathanas with faucer eyes.
He turned the Freer upon his face downright,
Displaying his nether cheeks full broad and white.
Then quoth Dan Sathanas as he thwacked him fore,
Thou didst forget to guard thy postern-door.
There is an hole which hath not crossed been:
Farewel, from whence I came, I creepen in.

Now plain it is ytellen in my verse,

If Devils in hell bear Freers in their erse,

On earth the Devil in Freers doth y-dwell;

Were there no Freers, the Devil mought keep in hell.

### WORK FOR A COOPER.

### A T A L E.

MAN may lead a happy life, Without that needful thing a wife: This long have lufty Abbots known, Who ne'er knew spouses-of their own.

What, though your house be clean and neat. With couches, chairs, and beds compleat: Though you each day invite a friend, Though he should ev'ry dish commend, On Bag shot-heath your mutton fed, · Your fowls at Brentford born and bred; Though purest wine your cellars boast, Wine worthy of the fairest toast: Yet there are other things requir'd: Ring, and let's fee the maid you hir'd-Bless me! those hands might hold a broom, Twirle round a mop, and wash a room: D z

A batchelor his maid should keep. Not for that servile use to sweep, Let her his humour understand. And turn to ev'ry thing her hand. Get you a lass that's young and tight, Whose arms are, like her apron, white: What though her-shift be seldom seen? Let that, though coarse, be always clean: She might each morn your tea attend. And on your wrist your ruffle mend; Then if you break a roguish jest, Or squeeze her hand, or pat her breaft, She cries, Oh dear Sir, don't be naught! And blushes speak her last night's fault. To you her houshold cares confide, Let your keys gingle at her fide, A footman's blunders teaze and fret ye, Ev'n while you chide you smile on Betty. Discharge him then, if he's too spruce, For Betty's for his master's use.

Will you your am'rous fancy baulk; For fear some prudish neighbour talk? Int you'll object, that your afraid
Of the pert freedoms of a maid;
Befides your wifer heads will fay,
That she who turns her hand this way,
From one vice to another drawn,
Will lodge your filver spoons in pawn.
Has not the homely wrinkled jade
More need to learn the pilst ring stade?
For love all Betty's wants supplies,
Laces her shoes, her manteau dyes,
All her stuff suits she slings away,
And wears thread fattle every day.

Who then a dirty drab would hire, Brown as the hearth of kitchen fire? When all must own, were Betty put To the black duties of the slue, As well she scow'rs or scrubs a sloor, And still is good for something more.

Thus, to avoid the greater vice, I knew a Prieft, of conscience nice, To quell his lust for neighbour's spouse, Keep fornication in his house.

But you're impatient all this time, Fret at my counsel, curse my rhyme. Be fatisfy'd. I'll talk no more, For thus my tale begins-Of yore There dwelt at Blois a Priest full fair. With rolling eye and crifped hair, His chin hung low, his brow was fleek, Plenty lay basking on his cheek Whole days at cloyster grates he sat, Ogled, and talk'd of this and that So feelingly; the Nuns lamented That double bars were e'er invented. If he the wanton wife confest With downcast eye, and heaving breast; He stroak'd her cheek to still her fear, And talk'd of fins en Cavalier. Each time enjoin'd her pennance mild, And fondled on her like his child. At ev'ry jovial gossip's feast Pere Bernard was a welcome guest, Mirth suffer'd not the least restraint. He could at will shake off the faint: Nor frown'd he when they freely fpoke, But shook his sides, and took the joke;

Nor

Nor fail'd he to promote the jeft, And shar'd the sins which they confest.

Yet that he might not always roam, He kept conveniencies at home. His maid was in the bloom of beauty, Well-limb'd for ev'ry focial duty; He meddled with no houshold cares, To her confign'd his whole affairs; She of his study kept the keys, For he was studious—of his ease: She had the power of all his locks, Could rummage ev'ry chest and box, Her honesty such credit gain'd, Not ev'n the cellar was restrain'd.

In troth it was a goodly show,
Lin'd with full hogsheads all a-row;
One vessel, from the rank remov'd,
Far dearer than the rest he lov'd.

Pour la bonne bouche 'twas set aside,
To all but choicest friends deny'd.

He now and then would send a quart,
To warm some wise's resentive heart,

D 4

Against

Against confiction's fullen hour:
Wine has all fectors in its power.
At common feats it had been wafe,
Nor was it fit for hymna's take.
If monic or friar were his good,
They drank it, for they know the bed.
Nay, he at length to fead was grown,
He always drank it when—close.

Who shall recount his civil labours, In pious visits to his neighbours? Whene'er weak hust ands went astray, He guess'd their wires were in the way, 'Twas then his charity was shown, He chose to see them when alone.

Now was he bent on cuckoldom:

He knew friend Densis was from home;

His wife (a poor neglected beauty,

Defrauded of a husband's duty)

Had often told him at confession,

How hard she struggled 'gainst transgression.

He now resolves, in heat of blood,

To try how sirm her virtue stood.

He knew that wine (to love Bell aid)
Has oft made bold the fluthe-fluc'd maid,
Taught her to romp, and take more freedoms,
Than nymphs train'd up at Shitch's or Needbad's.

A mighty bottle firait he chose. Such as might give two Friars their dose: Nanette he call'de the cellar door She straight unlocks, descends before, He follow'd close. But when he spies His fav'rite calk; with lifted eyes And lifted hands aloud he cries, Heigh day! my darling wine afteop! It must, alas! have sprung a hoop: That there's a leak is past all doubt, (Reply'd the maid) --- I'll find it out. She fets the candle down in hafte. Tacks her white apron round her wafte. The hogshead's mouldy side ascends. She firaddles wide, and downward bends: So low she stoops to kek the flaw, Her coats rose up, her master saw-I fee-he cries-(then claspt her fast) The leak through which my wine has paft.

Then

Then all in haste the maid descended, And in a trice the leak was mended. He found in *Nanuette* all he wanted, So *Densis*' brown remain'd unplanted.

Ere fince this time all lufty Friera-(Warm'd with predominant defires; Whene'er the flesh with spirit quarrels)-Look on the sex as leaky barrels. Beware of these, ye jealous spoules. From such like coopers guard your houses; For if they find not work at home, For jobs through all the town they roam.



### THE

## EQUIVOCATION.

#### A TALE.

N Abbot rich (whose taste was good. Alike in science and in food) His Bishop had resolv'd to treat; The Bishop came, the Bishop eat; 'Twas silence, 'till their stomachs fail'd; And now at Hereticks they rail'd; What Herefy (the Prelate faid) Is in that Church where Priests may wed! Do not we take the Church for life? But those divorce her for a wife, Like laymen keep her in their houses,. And own the children of deir spouses. Vile practices! the Abbot cry'd, For pious use we're set aside! Shall we take wives? marriage at best. Is but carnality profest.

D 6

Now

## TALES

Now as the Bishop took his glass,

He spy'd our Abbot's baxom lass.

Who cross'd the room, he mark'd her eye That glow'd with love; his pulse beat high. Bye, father, fye, (the Prelate cries).

A maid sp young't for shame, be wife.

These indiscretions lend a handle.

To lewd lay tongues, to give us scandal;

For your vows sake, this rule I give t'ye,

Let all your maids be turn'd of sifty.

The Priest reply'd, I have not swarv'd,
But your chast precept well observ'd,
That lass full twenty-sive has told,
I've yet another who's as old;
Into one sum their ages cast;
So both my maids have sifty past.

The Prelate smil'd, but duest not blame; For why? his Lordship did the same.

Let those who reprimand their brothers, First mend the faults they find in others.

# A TRUE STORY

OF AN

# APPARITION.

Scepticks (whose strength of argument makes out
That wisdom's deep enquiries end in doubt)
Hold this affertion positive and clear,
That sprites are pure delusions rais'd by sear.
Not that sam'd ghost, which in presaging sound
Call'd Brutus to Philippi's statal ground;
Nor can Tiberius Gracchus' goary shade
These ever-doubting disputants persuade.
Straight they with smiles reply; those tales of old
By visionary Priests were made and told:
Oh might some ghost at dead of night appear,
And make you own conviction by your sear!
I know your sneers my easy faith accuse,
Which with such idle legends scares the Muse:

But think not that I tell those vulgar sprights.

Which frighted boys relate on winter nights;

How cleanly milk-maids meet the fairy train,

How headless horses drag the clinking chain,

Night-roaming ghosts, by saucer eye-balls known.

The common spectres of each country town.

No, I such fables can like you despise.

And laugh to hear these nurse-invented lies.

Yet has not oft the fraudful guardian's fright

Compell'd him to restore an orphan's right?

And can we doubt that horrid ghosts ascend,

Which on the conscious murd'rer's steps attend?

Hear then, and let attested truth prevail,

From faithful lips I learnt the dreadful tale.

Where Arden's forest spreads its limits wide,
Whose branching paths the doubtful road divide,
A trav'ler took his solitary way;
When low beneath the hills was sunk the day.
And now the skies with gath'ring darkness lour,
The branches rustle with the threaten'd shower;
With sudden blasts the forest murmurs loud,
Indented lightnings cleave the sable cloud,

Thunder

Thunder on thunder breaks, the tempest roars,
And heav'n discharges all its watry stores.
The wand'ring traveller shelter seeks in vain,
And shrinks and shivers with the beating rain:
On his steed's neck the slacken'd bridle lay,
Who chose with cautious step th' uncertain way;
And now he checks the rein, and halts to hear.
If any noise foretold a village near.
At length from far a stream of light he sees.
Extend its level ray between the trees;
Thither he speeds, and as he nearer came
Joyful he knew the lamp's domestick stame:
That trembled through the window; cross the way.
Darts forth the barking cur, and stands at bay.

It was an ancient lonely house, that stood.

Upon the borders of the spacious wood;

Here towers and antique battlements arise,.

And there in heaps the moulder'd ruin lies;

Some Lord this mansion held in days of yore,.

To chace the wolf, and pierce the soaming boars:

How chang'd, alas, from what it once had been!

Tis now degraded to a publick inn.

Straight he difmounts; repeats his Roul communit;
Swift at the gate the ready landlord fixeds;
With frequent cringe he bows, and bega excelle,
His house was full, and every bed in use.
What not a garret, and no first to spare!
Why then the kitchin site and elbow-chair
Shall serve for once to not away the night.
The kitchen ever is the fervants right,
Replies the host; there, all the fire around,
The Count's tir'd spotmen inote upon the ground.

The maid, who liften'd to this whole debate, With pity learnt the weary litranger's fate. Be brave, the cries, you still may be our guest, Our haunted room was ever held the best; If then your valour can the fright fustain Of rattling curtains and the clinking chain, If your couragious tongue have power to talk, When round your bed the horrid ghost shall walk; If you dare that, why it leaves its tomb, I'll see your sheets well air'd, and show the room. Soon as the frighted maid her tale had told, The stranger enter'd, for his heart was bold.

### TALES

lamfel led him through a spacious hall,

lwy hung the half-demolish'd wall;

quent look'd behind, and chang'd her hue,
ancy tipt the candle's flame with blue.

w they gain'd the winding stairs ascent,
the lonesome room of terrors went.

Ill was ready, swift retir'd the maid,
tch-lights burn, tuckt warm in bed was laid
rdy stranger, and attends the sprite
accustom'd walk at dead of night.

the hears the wind with hollow roar
he loofe lock, and swing the creaking door;
and nearer draws the dreadful sound
ing chains, that dragg'd upon the ground:
o, the spectre came with hourid stride,
ch'd the bed, and drew the curtains wide!
an form the ghastful Phantom stood,
his mangled bosom dy'd with blood.
lent pointing to his wounded breast,
wav'd his hand. Beneath the frighted guest
1-cords trembled, and with shudd'ring fear,
hill'd his limbs, high rose his bristled hair;

Then

Then mutt'ring hasty pray'rs, he mann'd his hea And cry'd aloud; Say, whence and who thou as The stalking ghost with hollow voice replies. I hree years are counted, fince with mortal eyes I saw the sun, and vital air respir'd. Like thee benighted, and with travel tir'd. Within these walls I flept. O thirst of gain! See, still the planks the bloody mark retain; Stretch'd on this very bed, from sleep I flart, And see the seel impending o'er my heart; The barb'rous hostess held the lifted knife. The floor ran purple with my gushing life. My treasure now they seize, the golden spoil They bury deep beneath the grass grown soil. Far in the common field. Be bold, arise, My steps shall lead thee to the secret prize; There dig and find; let that thy care reward: Call loud on justice, bid her not retard To punish murder; lay my ghost at rest, So shall with peace secure thy nights be blest; And when beneath these boards my bones are for Decent interr them in some facred ground.

Here ceas'd the ghost. The stranger springs from bed,
And boldly follows where the Phantom led;
The half-worn stony stairs they now descend,
Where passages obscure their arches bend.
Silent they walk; and now through groves they pass,
Now through wet meads their steps imprint the grass;
At length amidst a spacious sield they came:
There stops the spectre, and ascends in slame.
Amaz'd he stood, no bush, or briar was found,
To teach his morning search to find the ground;
What could he do? the night was hideous dark,
Fear shook his joints, and nature dropt the mark;
With that he starting wak'd, and rais'd his head,
But found the golden mark was left in bed.

What is the flatesman's vast ambitious scheme,
But a short vision, and a golden dream?
Power, wealth, and title elevate his hope in the wakes. But for a garter finds a rope,

# Ø,

### THE

# MAD-DOG

# A TALE.

PRUDE, at more and evining prayer,
Had worn her velvet cushion bare;
Upward the taught her eyes to roll,
As if the watch'd her foaring foul;
And when devotion warm'd the croud,
None fang, or smote their breast to loud;
Pale Penitence had mark'd her face
With all the meagre signs of grace.
Her mass-book was compleatly lin'd
With painted Saints of various kind;
But when in ev'ry page she view'd
Fine Ladies who the slesh subdu'd;
As quick her beads she counted o'er,
She cry'd—such wonders are no more!

## TALES.

She chose not to delay consession.

To bear at once a year's transgression,
But ev'ry week set all things even,
And ballanc'd her accounts with heav'n.

Behold her now in humble guise.

Upon her knees with downcast eyes;

Before the Priest: she thus begins,

And sobbing, blubbers forth her sins;

Who could that tempting man refift?

My virtue languish'd, as he kiss'd;

I strove,—till I could strive no longer,

How can the weak subdue the stronger?

The Father ask'd her where and when? How many? and what fort of men? By what degrees her blood was heated? How oft' the frailty was repeated? Thus have I seen a pregnant wench All slush'd with guilt before the bench, The Judges (wak'd by wanton thought), Dive to the bottom of her fault,

They

But you, beyond all thought unchafte,
Have all fin center'd near your waste!
Whence is this appetite fo strong?
Say, Madam, did your mother long?
Or is it lux'ry and high diet
That won't let virtue sleep in quiet?
She tells him now with mecket voice.
That she had never err'd by choice,
Nor was there known a virgin chaster,
Till ruin'd by a fad disher.

That she a far rite lap-dog had; Which, (as she stroak'd and kis'd) grew mad; And on her lip a wound indenting, First set her youthful blood sermenting.

The Priest reply'd, with zealous fury,
You should have sought the means to cure ye.
Doctors by various ways, we find,
Treat these distempers of the mind.

Let gaudy ribbands be deny'd.

To her, who raves with scornful pride;

And if religion crack her notions,
Lock up her volumes of devotions;
But if for man her rage prevail,
Barr her the fight of creatures male.
Or else to cure such venom'd bites,
And set the shatter'd thoughts arights;
They send you to the ocean's shore,
And plunge the Patient o'er and o'er.

The dame reply'd, Alas! in vain
My kindred forc'd me to the main;
Naked, and in the face of day:
Look not, ye fishermen, this way!
What virgin had not done as I did?
My modest hand, by nature guided,
Debarr'd at once from human eyes
The seat where female honour lyes,
And though thrice dipt from top to toe.
I still secur'd the post below,
And guarded it with grasp so fast
Not one drop through my singers past;
Thus owe I to my bashful care,
That all the rage is settled there.

Vol. II.

E

Weigh

# TALES

Weigh well the projects of mankind;
Then tell me, Reader, canft thou find
The man from madness wholly free?
They all are mad—fave you and me.
Do not the statesman, fop and wit,
By daily follies prove they're bit?
And when the briny cure they try'd,
Some part still kept above the tide?

Some men (when drench'd beneath the wave)
High o'er their heads their fingers fave:
Those hands by mean extortion thrive,
Or in the pocket lightly dive:
Or more expert in pilf'ring vice,
They burn and itch to ong the dice.

Plunge in a courtier; strait his fears
Direct his hands to stop his ears.
And now truth seems a grating noise,
He loves the sland'rer's whisp'ring voice;
He hangs on flatt'ry with delight,
And thinks all sulsome praise is right.

women dread a watry death:

y flut their lips to hold their breath,
I though you duck them ne'er fo long,
one falt drop e'er wets their tongue;
hence they scandal have at will,
I that this member ne'er lies still.



# TALES,

women dread a watry death:

y flut their lips to hold their breath,

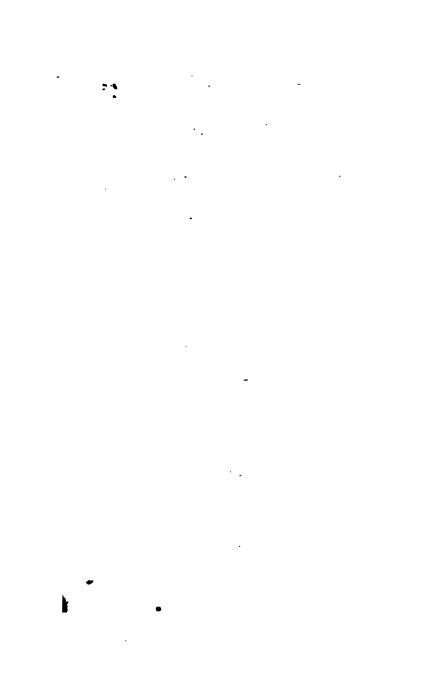
I though you duck them ne'er fo long,

one falt drop e'er wets their tongue;

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d that this member ne'er lies still.





# CLOGUES

## So ECLOGUES.

See the pleas'd tenants duteous off'rings bear,
Turkeys and geefe and grocer's fweetest ware;
With the new health the pond'rous tankard slows,
And old Otober reddens ev'ry nose.
Beagles and spaniels round his cradle stand,
Kiss his moist lip and gently lick his hand;
He joys to hear the shrill horn's ecchoing sounds,
And learns to lisp the names of all the hounds.
With frothy ale to make his cup o'erslow,
Barley shall in paternal acres grow;
The bee shall sip the fragrant dew from slow'rs,
To give metheglin for his morning hours;
For him the clustring hop shall climb the poles,
And his own orchard sparkle in his bowls.

His Sire's exploits he now with wonder hears.
The monstrous tales indulge his greedy ears;
How when youth strung his nerves and warm'd his veins,
He rode the mighty Nimrod of the plains:
He leads the staring infant through the hall,
Points out the horny spoils that grace the wall;
Tells, how this stag thro' three whole counties sted,
What rivers swam, where bay'd, and where he bled.

· •

### ECLOGUES.

the wonders of the fox repeats,
es the desp'rate chase, and all his cheats;
one day beneath his furious speed,
l seven coursers of the sleetest breed;
gh the pale he leapt, how wide the ditch,
he hound tore the haunches of the witch.!
tories which descend from son to son,
ward boy shall one day make his own.

too fond mother, think the time draws nigh, ills the darling from thy tender eye; all his spirit brook the rigid rules, e long tyranny of grammar schools? nger brothers o'er dull authors plod, into Latin by the tingling rod; him never feel that smart disgrace: ould he wifer prove than all his race?

n rip'ning youth with down o'ershades his chin, 'ry semale eye incites to sin; ld-maid (thoughtless of her suture shame) nacking lip shall raise his guilty slame;

most common accident to Stort men; to bunt a witch in the

E 5



# ECLOGUES.

The dairy, barn, the hay-loft and the grove
Shall off' be confcious of their stolen love.
But think, Priscilla, on that dreadful time,
When pangs and watry qualms shall own thy crime;
How wilt thou tremble when thy nipple's prest,
'To see the white drops bathe thy swelling breast!
Nine Moons shall publickly divulge thy shame,
And the young Squire forestall a father's name.

When twice twelve times the reaper's fweeping hand With levell'd harvests has bestrown the land, On fam'd St. Hubert's seast, his winding horn Shall cheer the joyful hound and wake the morn: This memorable day his eager speed Shall urge with bloody heel the rising steed. O check the foamy bit, nor tempt thy fate, Think on the murders of a five-bar gate! Yet prodigal of life, the leap he tries, Low in the dust his groveling honour lies, Headlong he falls, and on the rugged stone Distorts his neck, and cracks the collar bone; O vent'rous youth, thy thirst of game allay, May'st thou survive the perils of this day!

He shall survive; and in late years be sense. To snow away Debates in Parliament.

The time shall come, when his more solid sense.

With nod important shall the laws dispense;
A Justice with grave Justices shall sit,
He praise their wisdom, they admire his wit.
No greyhound shall attend the tenant's pace,
No rusty gun the farmer's chimney grace;
Salmons shall leave their covers void of sear,
Nor dread the thievish net or triple spear;
Poachers shall tremble at his awful name,
Whom vengeance now o'estakes for murder'd game.

Affift ms, Bacchus, and ye drunken Pow'rs, To ling his friendships and his midnight hours!

Why dost thou glory in thy strength of beer,
Firm-cork'd, and mellow'd till the twentieth year;
Brew'd or when Pharbas warms the sleecy sign,
Or when his languid rays in Scorpio shine.
Think on the mischies which from hence have sprung!
It arms with curses dire the wrathful tongue;

# 84 ECLOGUES.

Foul scandal to the lying lip affords,
And prompts the mem'ry with injurious words.
O where is wisdom, when by this o'erpower'd?
The state is censur'd, and the maid deflower'd!
And wilt thou still, O Squire, brew ale so strong?
Hear then the distates of prophetic song.

Methinks I see him in his hall appear,
Where the long table floats in clammy beer,
'Midst mugs and glasses shatter'd o'er the floor,
Dead-drunk his servile crew supinely snore;
Triumphant, o'er the prostrate brutes he stands,
The mighty bumper trembles in his hands;
Boldsy he drinks, and like his glorious Sires,
In copious gulps of potent ale expires.



### THE

# TOILETTE.

# A TOWN ECLOGUE.

### LYDIA.

N O W twenty springs had cloth'd the Park with green,

Since Lydia knew the blossom of sisteen;
No lovers now her morning hours molest,
And catch her at her Toilette half undrest;
The thund'ring knocker wakes the street no more,
No chairs, no coaches croud her silent door;
Her midnights once at cards and Hazard sled,
Which now, alas! she dreams away in bed.
Around her wait Shocks, monkeys and mockaws,
To fill the place of Fops, and perjur'd Beaus;

In these she views the mimickry of man,

And smiles when grinning Pag gallants her say.

When Poll repeats, the sounds deceive her ear,

For sounds, like his, once told her Damon's care.

With these alone her tedious mornings pass;

Or at the dumb devotion of her glass,

She smooths her brow, and frizhes forth her mairs,

And fancies youthful dress gives youthful airs;

With crimson wool she sixes ev'ry grace,

That not a blush can discompose her sace.

Reclin'd upon her arm she pensive sate,

And curs'd th' inconstancy of youth too late.

O Youth! O spring of life! for ever lost!

No more my name shall reign the fav'rite Toast.

On glass no more the di'mond grave my name,

And rhymes mispell'd record a lover's stame:

Nor shall side-boxes watch my restless eyes,

And as they catch the glance in rows arise

With humble bows; nor white-glov'd Beaus encroach.

In crouds behind, to guard me to my coach.

Ah hapless nymph! such conquests are no more,

For Chlos's now what Lydia was before!

## ECLOGUES

2

"Tis true, this Chie boults the peach's bloom.

But does her nearer whifper breathe perfume?

I own her taper shape is form'd to pleafe.

Yet if you saw her unconfin'd by stays!

She doubly to sisteen may make pretence,

Alike we read it in her face and sense.

Her reputation! but that never yet

Could check the freedoms of a young Coquet.

Why will ye then, vain Fops, her eyes believe?

Her eyes can, like your perjur'd tongues, deceive.

What shall I do? how spend the hateful day? At chapel shall I wear the morn away? Who there frequents at these unmodesh hours, But ancient matrons with their frizzled tow'rs, And gray religious maids? my presence these Amid that sober train would own despair; Nor am I yet so old; nor is my glance As yet fixt wholly to devotion's trance.

Straight then I'll dress, and take my wonted range Through ev'ry Indian shop, through all the Change; Where the tall jarr creeks his costly pride, With antick shapes in China's azure dy'd;

There

### 88 ECLOGUES.

There careless lies the rich brocade unroll'd,
Here shines a cabinet with burnish'd gold;
But then remembrance will my grief renew,
'Twas there the raffling dice false Danon threw;
The raffling dice to him decide the prize.
'Twas there he first convers'd with Cbloe's eyes;
Hence sprung th' ill-sated cause of all my smart,
To me the toy he gave, to her his heart.
But soon thy perj'ry in the gift was sound,
The shiver'd Cbina dropt upon the ground;
Sure omen that thy vows would faithless prove;
Frail was thy present, frailer is thy love.

O happy Poll, in wiry prison pent;
Thou ne'er hast known what love or rivals meant;
And Pug with pleasure can his setters bear,
Who ne'er believ'd the vows that lovers swear!
How am I curst! (unhappy and forlorn)
With perjury, with love, and rival's scorn!
False are the loose Coquet's inveigling airs,
False is the pompous grief of youthful heirs,
False is the cringing courtier's plighted word,
False are the dice when gamesters stamp the board,

False is the sprightly widow's publick tear; Yet these to Damon's oaths are all sincere.

Fly from perfidious man, the fex disdain;

Let servile Chloe wear the nuptial chain.

Damon is practis'd in the modish life,

Can hate, and yet be sivil to a wife.

He games; he swears; he drinks; he sights; he roves;

Yet Chloe can believe he fondly loves.

Mistress and wife can well supply his need,

A miss for pleasure, and a wife for breed.

But Chloe's air is unconfin'd and gay,

And can perhaps an injur'd bed repay;

Perhaps her patient temper can behold

The rival of her love adorn'd with gold.

Powder'd with di'monds; free from thought and care,

A husband's sullen humours she can bear.

Why are these sobs? and why these streaming eyes? Is love the cause? no, I the sex despise;
I hate, I loath his base persidious name.

Yet if he should but seign a rival stame?
But Chloe boasts and triumphs in my pains,
To her he's faithful, 'tis to me he seigns.

Thus

## ECLOGUES

Thus love-fick Lydia rav'd. Her maid appears: A band-box in her fleady hand she bears. How well this ribband's gloss becomes your face! She cries, in raptures; then, so sweet a lace! How charmingly you look! so bright! so fair! 'Tis to your eyes the head-dress owes its air. Straight Lydia smil'd; the comb adjusts her locks, And at the Play-house Harry keeps her box.



### THE

# TEA-TABLE.

# A TOWN ECLOGUE.

### DORIS and MELANTHE.

SAINT James's noon-day bell for prayers hadtoll'd,

And coaches to the Patient's Brows 1011'd,

When Doris rofe. And now through all the room

Brom flow'ry Tea exhales a fragrant fume.

Cup after cup they fipt, and talk'd by fits,

For Doris here, and there Melanthe fits.

Doris was young, a laughter-loving dante,

Nice of her own alike and others fame;

Melanthe's tongue could well a tale advance,

And sooner gave them funk a circumstance;

Lock'd

I ock'd in her mem'ry secrets never dy'd; Daris begun, Melanthe thus reply'd.

DORIS.

Sylvia the vain fantastic Fop admires,
I he Rake's loose gallantry her bosom fires;
Sylvia Mke that is vain, like this she roves,
In tiking them she but herself approves...

MELANTHÉ.

Laura rails on at men, the fex reviles,

Their vice condemns, or at their folly smiles.

Why should her tongue in just resentment fail,

Since men at her with equal freedom rail?

### DORIS.

Lust Masquerade was Sylvia nymphlike seen, Her hand a crook sustain'd, her dress was green; An am'rous shepherd led her through the croud, The nymph was innocent, the shepherd vow'd; But nymphs their innocence with shepherds trust; So both withdrew, as nymph and shepherd must.

### MELANTHE.

Name but the licence of the modern stage,

Laura takes fire, and kindles into rage;

The whining Tragic love she scarce can bear,

But nauseous Comedy ne'er shock'd her ear;

Yet

Fa

T

Yet in the gall'ry mobb'd, she fits secure, And laughs at jests that turn the Box demure.

#### DORIS.

Trust not, ye Ladies, to your beauty's pow'r,
For beauty withers like a shrivell'd slow'r;
Yet those fair flow'rs that Sylvia's temples bind,
Fade not with sudden blights or winter's wind;
Like those her sace desies the rolling years,
For art her roses and her charms repairs.

### MELANTHE.

Laura despises ev'ry outward grace,
The wanton sparkling eye, the blooming face;
The beauties of the soul are all her pride,
For other beauties Nature has deny'd;
If affectation show a beauteous mind,
Lives there a man to Laura's merits blind?

### DORIS.

Sylvia be fure defies the town's reproach,
Whose Destabile is soil'd in hackney coach;
What though the sash was clos'd, must we conclude,
That she was yielding, when her sop was rude?

MELANTHE.

Laura learnt caution at too dear a cost.

What Fair could e'er retrieve her honour loft?

Secret

# ECLOSUES.

Secret she loves; and who the nymph can blame, Who durfinot own a sootman's vulgar stame?

:94

#### DORIS.

Though Laura's homely tafte descends so low; Her footman well may vie with Sylvia's bean.

### MELANTHE.

Yet why should Laura think it a disgrace,
When proud Miranda's groom wears Flander: lace?
DORIS.

What, though for mufick Cynthio boafts an ear?

Robin perhaps can hum an Opera air.

Cynthio can bow, takes fnuff, and dances well,

Robin talks common fense, can write and spell;

Sylvia's vain fancy dress and show admires,

Eut'tis the man alone whom Laura fires.

### MELANTHE.

Plate's wife morals Laura's foul improve:
And this no doubt must be Platonic love!
Her foul to gen'rous acts was still inclin'd;
What shows more virtue than an humble mind?

### DORIS.

What, though young Sylvia love the Park's cool shade, And wander in the dusk the secret glade? i'd and alone (by chance) the met her Spark, innocence is weak which shuns the dark,

#### MELANTHE.

were for her flame has no pretence; notman is a footman too in fense. udes I hate, and those are rightly curft scandal's double load, who censure first.

#### DORIS.

what if Cynthio Sylvia's garter ty'd!

fuch a foot and fuch a leg would hide;

crook-knee'd Phillis can expose to view

old-clock'd stocking, and her tawdry shoe?

### MELANTHE.

e Devotion center in the face, s'ring others shew intrinsick grace, lt to publick freedoms be confin'd, (all must own) are of the holy kind!

disdains reserve, and flies constraint: ither is, nor would be thought a Saint.

MELANTHE.

a trivial passion, Loura cries, be blest with friendship's stricter ties;

# 96 ECLOGUES.

To fuch a breast all secrets we commend:

Sure the whole Drawing-room is Laura's friend.

DOR JS.

At marriage Sylvia rails; who men would truft? Yet husbands' jealousies are sometimes just. Her favours Sylvia shares among mankind, Such gen'rous love should never be consin'd.

As thus alternate chat employ'd their tongue, With thund'ring raps the brazen knocker rung. Laura and Sylvia came; the nymphs arise:

This unexpected visit, Doris cries,
Is doubly kind! Melanthe Laura led,
Since I was last so blest, my dear, she said,
Sure 'tis an age! they sate; the hour was set;
And all again that night at Ombre met.

# UNERAL

# A TOWN ECLOGUE.

### SABINA LUCYAN MIL, MIV

Twice had the moon perform'd her monthly race,
ince first the veil o'ercast Subina's face.
Then dy'd the tender partner of her bed.
Ind lives Sabina when Fidelio's dead?
Idelio's dead, and yet Sabina lives.
In the tribute of her tears she gives;
Their absent Lord her rooms in sable mourn,
Ind all the day the glimmering tapers burn;
Itretch'd on the couch of state she pensive hes,
While oft the snowy cambric wipes'her eyes.

Now enter'd Lucy; trusty Lucy knew

Formit a streete, for bear a Billet-down;

Her ready tongue, in secret service try'd,

With equal fluency spoke truth or ly'd;

She well could flush or humble a gallant,

And serve at once as maid and consident!

A letter from her stathful stays she took:

Sabina snatch'd it with an angry look,

And thus in hasty words her grief confest,

While Lucy strove to sooth her troubled breast.

#### SABINA.

What, still Myrtilla's hand! his stame I scorn, Give back his passion with the seal untorn. To break our soft repose has man a right, And are we doom'd to read whate'er they write? Not all the sex my sirm resolves shall move, My life's a life of sorrow, not of love. May Lydia's wrinkles all my sorehead trace, And Celia's paleness sicken o'er my face, May Fops of mine, as Flavia's favours, boast, And Coquets triumph in my honour lost; May cards employ my nights, and never more May these curst eyes behold a Matadore!

Break China, perish Shock, die Perroquet!

When I Fidelio's dearer love forget.

Fidelio's judgment scorn'd the soppish train,

His air was easy, and his dress was plain,

His words sincere, respect his presence drew,

And on his lips sweet conversation grew.

Where's wit, where's beauty, where is virtue sled?

Alas! they're now no more; Fidelio's dead!

#### LUCY.

Yet when he liv'd, he wanted ev'ry grace;
That easy air was then an awkward pace:
Have not your sighs in whispers often said,
His dress was slovenly, his speech ill-bred?
Have not I heard you, with a secret tear,
Call that sweet converse sullen and severe?
Think not I come to take Mirtillo's part,
Let Chloe, Daphne, Deris, share his heart.
Let Chloe's love in every ear express
His graceful person and genteel address.
All well may judge what shaft has Daphne hit,
Who suffers silence to admire his wit.
His equipage and hiv'ries Deris move,
But Chloe, Daphae, Deris sondly love.

#### ECLOGUES.

Sooner shall Cits in fashions guide the Court,
And beaus upon the busy Change refort;
Sooner the nation shall from snuff be freed,
And sops' apartments smoak with India's weed,
Sooner I'd wish and sigh through nunn'ry grates,
Than recommend the slame Sabina hates.

#### SABINA.

Because some widows are in haste subdu'd;
Shall every sop upon our tears intrude?
Can I forget my lov'd Fidelio's tongue,
Soft as the warbling of Italian song?
Did not his rosy lips breathe forth persume,
Fragrant as steams from Tea's imperial bloom?
LUCY.

Yet once you thought that tongue a greater curse.

Than squalls of children for an absent nurse.

Have you not fancy'd in his frequent kiss.

Th' ungrateful leavings of a filthy Miss.

Love, I thy pow'r defie; no second slame
Shall ever raze my dear Fidelio's name.
Fannia without a tear might lose her Lord,
Who ne'er enjoy'd his presence but at board.

ind why should forrow sit on Lessia's face?

re there such comforts in a sot's embrace?

lo friend, no lover is to Lessia dead,

or Lessia long had known a sep'rate bed.

iush forth, ye tears; waste, waste, ye sighs, my breast &

ly days, my nights were by Fidelio blest!

#### LUCY.

ou cannot fure forget how oft you faid.

It is teazing fondness jealousy betray d!

When as the play the neighbring box he took,

You thought you read suspicion in his look;

When cards and counters slew around the board,

Have you not wish'd the absence of your Lord?

It is company was then a poor pretence;

Co check the freedoms of a wife's expence!

#### SABINA.

lut why should I Myrtille's passion blame, ince Love's a sierce involuntary slame?

#### LUCY.

Tould he the sallies of his heart withstand,.
Why should he not to Chlos give his hand?
For Chlos's handsome, yet he slights her slame;
Last night she fainted at Sahina's name.

F 3.

Why,

### ECLOGUES.

Why, Daphne, doft thou blame Sabina's charms? Sabina keeps no lover from thy arms.

At Crimp Myrtillo play'd, in kind regards

Doris dealt love; he only dealt the cards;

Doris was touch'd with spleen; her fan he rent,

Flew from the table, and to tears gave vent.

Why, Doris, dost thou curse Sabina's eyes?

To her Myrtillo is a vulgar prize.

#### SABINA.

Yet fa, I lov'd; how loud would cenfure rail! So foon to quit the duties of the veil!

No, fooner Plays and Op'ras I'd forfwear.

And change these China jars for Tunbridge ware;

Or trust my mother as a consident,

Or fix a friendship with my maiden aunt?

Than till—to-morrow throw my weeds away.

Yet let me see him, if he comes to-day!

#### THE

## ESPOUSAL.

## A SOBER ECLOGUE.

Between two of the People called QUAKERS.

#### CALEB. TABITHA.

BENEATH the shadow of a beaver hat, Meek Caleb at a silent meeting sat; His eye-balls off' forgot the holy trance, While Tabitba demure, return'd the glance. The meeting ended, Caleb silence broke, And Tabitba her inward yearnings spoke.

CALEB.

Beloved, see how all things follow love,

Lamb fondleth lamb, and dove disports with dove;

F 4

Yet

### ECLOGUES.

Yet fondled lambs their innocence secure,
And none can call the turtle's bill impure;
O fairest of our sisters, let me be
The billing dove, and fondling lamb to thee.

#### TABITHA.

But, Cale', know that birds of gentle mind.
Elec; a mate among the fober kind,
Not the mockaws, all deck'd in scarlet pride,
Entice their mild and modest hearts aside;
But thou, vain man, beguil'd by Popish shows,
Doatest on ribbands, slounces, surbelows.

If thy false heart be fond of tawdry dyes,
Go, wed the painted arch in summer skies;
Such love will like the rainbow's hue decay,
Strong at the first, but passet soon away.

#### CALEB.

Name not the frailties of my youthful days,
When vice mif-led me through the harlot's ways;
When I with wanton look the fex beheld,
And nature with each wanton look rebell'd;
Then parti-colour'd pride my heart might move
With lace; the net to catch unhallow'd love.
All fuch-like love is fading as the flower,
Springs in a day, and withereth in an hour:

ut now I feel the spousal love within, nd spousal love no sister holds a sin.

#### TABITHA.

know thou longest for the slaunting maid, 'hy falsehood own, and say I am betray'd; he tongue of man is blister'd o'er with lies; ut truth is ever read in woman's eyes; that my lip obey'd a tongue like thine! 'r that thine eye bewray'd a love like mine!

## CALEB.

low bitter are thy words! for bear to teaze, too might blame—but love delights to please. Thy should I tell thee, that when last the sun ainted the downy peach of Newington, ofiab led thee through the garden's walk, and mingled melting kisses with his talk? In Jealousy! turn, turn thine eyes aside, ow can I see that watch adorn thy side? or verily no gift the sisters take or lust of gain, but for the giver's sake.

## TABITHA.

own, Josiah gave the golden toy,

hich did the righteous hand of Quare employ;

4. ...

### 106 ECLOGUES.

When Caleb hath affign'd some happy days,
I look on this and chide the hours delay:
And when Josiah would his love pursue,
On this I look and shun his wanton view.
Man but in vain with trinkets tries to move,
The only present love demands is love.

#### CALEB.

Ah Tabitba, to hear these words of thine,
My pulse beats high, as if inflam'd with wine!
When to the brethren sirst with servent zeal
The spirit mov'd thy yearnings to reveal,
How did I joy thy trembling lip to see
Red as the cherry from the Kentish tree;
When ecstasy had warm'd thy look so meek,
Gardens of roses blushed on thy cheek.
With what sweet transport didst thou rost thine eyes,
How did thy words provoke the brethren's sighs!
Words that with holy sighs might others move,
But, Tabitba, my sighs were sighs of love.

#### TABITHA.

Is Tabitha beyond her wishes blest?

Does no proud worldly dame divide thy breast?

Then hear me, Caleb, witness what I speak,

This solemn promise death alone can break;

Sponer

Sooner I would bedeck my brow with lace,
And with immodest fav'rites shade my face,
Sooner like Babylon's lewd whore be drest
In flaring di'monds and a scarlet yest,
Or make a cartsie in Cathedral pew,
Than prove inconstant, while my Caleb's true.

CALEB.

When I prove false, and Tabitha for fake,

Teachers shall dance a jig at country wake;

Brethren unbeaver'd then shall bow their head,

And with prophane mince-pies our babes be fed.

#### TABITHA.

If that Josiah were with passion sir'd,
Warm as the zeal of youth when sirst inspir'd;
In steady love though he might persevere,
Unchanging as the decent garb we wear,
And thou wert sickle as the wind that blows,
Light as the seather on the head of Beaus;
Yet I for thee would all thy sex resign,
Sisters, take all the rest——be Caleb mine.

CALEB.

Though I had all that finful love affords, And all the concubines of all the Lords,

Whose

### rof ECLOGÜÉS.

Whose couches creak with whoredom's sinful Whose velvet chairs are with adult'ry lame; Ev'n in the harlot's hall, I would not sip The dew of lewdness from her lying lip; I'd shun her paths, upon thy mouth to dwell More sweet than powder which the merchand O solace me with kisses pure like thine! Enjoy, ye Lords, the wanton concubine. The spring now calls us forth; come, lister; To see the primrose and the daisse bloom. Let ceremony bind the worldly pair.

Sisters esteem the brethren's words sincere.

#### TABITHA.

ing the desired of the second of the second

Espousals are but forms. O lead me hence, For secret love can never give offence.

Then hand in hand the loving mates wi True love is nature unrestrain'd by law. This tenet all the holy sect allows; So Tabith a took earnest of a spouse.

•

•

.7.77

TO MY INCENIOUS AND WORTHY PLIEND

## WILLIAM LOWNDS, ESQ.

AUTHOR OF THAT CELEBRATED TREATISE IN FOLIO, CALLED THE LAND-TAX BILL.

WHEN Poets print their works, the cribling crew

Stick the Bard o'er with Bays, like Christmas pew:
Can meagre Poetry such fame deserve?
Can Poetry, that only writes to starve?
And shall no laurel deck that famous head,
In which the Senate's annual law is bred?
That heary head, which greater glory stres,
By nobler every and means true fame acquires.
O had I Virgil's force to sing the man,
Whose learned lines can millions raise per ann.

. C.

Great

#### miz MISCELLANIES.

Great Lownds his praise should swell the trump of same, And Rapis and Wapentakes resound his name.

If the blind Poet gain'd a long renown

By fingling evity Gretian chief and town;

Sure Lowness his profe much greater fame requires,

Which sweetly coants five thousand Knights and

Squires,

Their feats, their cities, parishes and shires.

Their feats, their cities, parishes and shires.

Thy copious Preamble to shoothly runs,

Taxes no more appear like legal duns,

Lords, Knights, and Squires the Affestor's power obey,

We read with pleasure; though with pain we pay.

Ah why did C—thy works defame!

That author's long starangue betrays his name;

After his speeches can his pen succeed?

Though forc'd to hear, we're not oblig'd to read:

Under what science shall; thy works be reach it as it?

All knows those wert not: Poet born and bredig it is a solid or doft thou boast the Historian's lasting pen, as a solid whose annals are the Astr of worthy men?

No.

No. Satire is thy talent; and each lash Makes the rich Miser tremble o'er his cash; What on the Drunkard can be more severe, Than diresultaxes on his ale and beer?

Ev'n Button's Wits are nought compar'd to thee. Who ne'er were known or prais'd but o'er his Tea, While Thou through Britain's distant isle shall spread In ev'ry Hundred and Division read. Criticks in Classicks oft' interpolate. But ev'ry word of thine is fix'd as Fate. Some works come forth at morn, but die at night In blazing fringers round a tallow light; Some may perhaps to a whole week extend, Like S- (when unallisted by a friend) But thou shalt live a year in spite of fate: And where's your author boafts a longer date ? Poets of old had fuch a wondrous power, That with their verses they could raise a tower; But in thy Prose a greater force is found; What Poet ever rais'd ten thousand pound? Cadmus, by fowing dragon's teeth, we read, Rais'd a vast army from the pois'nous feed.

Thy labours, Lowads, can greater wonders do,
Thou raisest armies, and canst pay them too.
Truce with thy dreaded pen; thy Annals cease;
Why need we armies when the land's in peace?
Soldiers are perfect devils in their way,
When once they're rais'd, they're cursed hard to lay.



## PANTHEA.

## AN ELEGY.

And hope and fear alternate rul'd her heart;
Consenting glances had her slame consest.
(In woman's eyes her very soul's exprest)
Perjur'd Alexis saw the blushing maid,
He saw, he swore, he conquer'd and betray'd.
Another love new calls him from her arms,
His sickle heart another beauty warms;
Those oaths oft' whisper'd in Panthea's ears,
He now again to Galatea swears.
Beneath a beach th' abandon'd virgin laid,
In grateful solitude enjoys the shade;
There with faint voice she breath'd these moving strains,
While sighing Zephyrs shar'd her am'rous pains.

Pale

## ri6 MISCELLANTES.

Pale fettled forrow hangs upon my brow, Dead are my charms; Alexis breaks his vow! Think, think, dear shepherd, on the days you knew, When I was happy, when my fwain was true: Think how thy looks and tongue are form'd to move And think yet more-that all my fault was love. Ah, could you view me in this wretched state! You might not love me, but you could not hate. Could you behold me in this conscious shade, Where first thy vows, where first my love was paid. Worn out with watching, fullen with despair; And see each eye swell with a gushing tour? Could you behold me on this mostly bed! From my pale cheek the lively crimson fled, Which in my fofter hours you oft have fworn, With rosy beauty far out-blush'd the morn; Could you untouch'd this wretched object bear. And would not lost Panthea claim a tear ? You could not, fore-tears from your eyes would fleal. And unawares thy tender foul reveal. Ah, no !- thy foul with cruelty is fraught, No tenderness diffurbs thy savage thought; Sooner shall tygers spare the trembling lambs, And wolves with pity hear their bleating dams;

Sponer

ooner shall vultures from their quarry sty,
han false Alexis for Panthea sigh.
Thy bosom ne'er a tender thought confest,
iure stubborn slint has arm'd thy cruel breast;
But hardest slints are worn by frequent rains,
And the soft drops dissolve their solid veins;
While thy relentless heart more hard appears,
And is not soften'd by a slood of tears.

Ah, what is love! Panthea's joys are gone,
Her liberty, 'her peace; her reason flown!
And when I view me'in the watry glass,
I find Panthea now, not what she was.
As northern winds the new blown roses blast,
And on the ground their fading ruins cast;
As sudden blights corrupt the ripen'd grain,
And of its verdure spoil the mournful plain;
So hapless love on blooming seatures preys,
So hapless love destroys our peaceful days.

Contest gentle fleop, relieve these weary'd eyes,
All sorrow in thy soft embraces dies:
There, spite of all thy perjur'd yows, I find
Faithless Alexis languishingly kind;

Some-

### 'it MISCELLANIES.

Sometimes he leads me by the mazy fiream,
And pleasingly deludes me in my dream;
Sometimes he guides me to the secret grove,
Where all our looks, and all our talk is love.
Oh could I thus consume each tedious day,
And in sweet slumbers dream my life away;
But sleep, which now no more relieves these eyes,
To my sad soul the dear deceit denies.

Why does the fun dart forth its chearful rays?

Why do the woods refound with warbling lays?

Why does the rose her grateful fragrance yield,

And yellow cowslips paint the smiling field?

Why do the streams with murm'ring musick flow.

And why do groves their friendly shade bestow?

Let sable clouds the chearful fun desace,

Let mournful filence seize the seather'd race;

No more, ye roses, grateful fragrance yield,

Droop, droop, ye cowssips, in the blasted field;

No more, ye streams, with murm'ring musick stow,

And let not groves a friendly shade bestow:

With sympathizing grief let nature mourn,

And never know the youthful spring's return:

hall I never more Alexis see?
what is spring, or grove, or stream to me?

ny sport the skipping lambs on yonder plain? do the birds their tuneful voices strain? frisk those heifers in the cooling grove? happier life is ignorant of love.

! lead me to fome melancholy cave,
ll my forrows in a living grave;
the dark rock where dashing waters fall,
creeping ivy hangs the craggy wall,
e I may waste in tears my hours away,
sever know the seasons or the day.
die, Panthea—fly this hateful grove,
hat is life without the swain I love?

## ARAMINTA.

## AN ELEGY.

OW Phabus rose, and with his early beams
Wak'd slumb'ring Delia from her pleasing
dreams;

Her wishes by her fancy were supply'd,
And in her sleep the nuptial knot was ty'd.
With secret joy she saw the morning ray
Chequer the sloor, and through the curtains play;
The happy morn that shall her bliss compleat,
And all her rivals envious hopes defeat.
In haste she rose, forgetful of her prayers,
Flew to the glass, and practis'd o'er her airs:
Her new-set jewels round her robe are plac'd,
Some in a brilliant buckle bind her waist,
Some round her neck a circling light display,
Some in her hair dissus a trembling ray;
The silver knot o'erlooks the Mechlen lace,
And adds becoming beauties to her face:

Brocaded

124

Brocaded flow'rs o'er the gay mantua shine,
And the rich stays her taper shape consine;
Thus all her dress exerts a graceful pride,
And sporting Loves surround th' expecting bride,
For Daphnis now attends the blushing maid,
Before the Priess the solemn vows are paid;
This day, which ends at once all Delia's cares,
Shall swell a thousand eyes with secret tears.
Cease, Araminta, 'tis in vain to grieve,
Canst thou from Hymen's bonds the youth retrieve?
Disdain his perj'ries, and no longer mourn:
Recall my love, and find a sure return.

But still the wretched maid no comfort knows, And with resentment cherishes her woes; Alone she pines, and in these mournful strains, Of Daphuis' vows, and her own fate complains.

Was it for this I fparkled at the Play,
And loiter'd in the Ring whole hours away?
When if thy chariot in the circle shone,
Our mutual passion by our looks was known:
Through the gay crowd my watchful glances slew,
Where'er I pass thy grateful eyes pursue.

Vol. IL

Ab faitbles youth! too well you face my pain? For eyes the language of the foul explain.

Think, Daphair, think that scarce five days are flet Since (O false tongue!) those treach rows things you said How did you praise my shape and graceful air! And woman thinks all compliments sincere. Didst thou not then in rapture speak thy slame, And in soft sighs breathe Araminta's name? Didst thou not then with oaths thy passion prove, And with an awful trembling, say——I love?

Ab faitbless youth! too well you saw my pain; For eyes the language of the soul explain.

How could'st thou thus, ungrateful youth, deceive How could I thus, unguarded maid, believe? Sure thou canst well recall that fatal night, When subtle love sirst enter'd at my sight: When in the dance I was thy partner chose, Gods! what a rapture in my bosom rose! My trembling hand my sudden joy confess'd, My glowing cheeks a wounded heart express'd;

looks spoke love; while you with answiring eyes, cilling glances made as kind replies. ink, Daphnis, think, what tender things you said, ink what consuston all my soul betray'd; u call'd my graceful presence Cynthia's air, d when I sung, the syrein charm'd your ear; shame blown up by statt'ry stronger grew, gale of love in ev'ry whisper slew.

Ab faitbless youth! too well you saw my pain; reyes the language of the soul explain.

Whene'er I dres'd, my maid, who knew my flame, erish'd my passion with thy lovely name; y picture in her talk so lively grew, at thy dear image rose before my view; e dwelt whole hours upon thy shape and mien, d wounded Delia's same to sooth my spleen: hen she beheld me at the name grow pale, aight to thy charms she chang'd her artful tale; id when thy matchles charms were quite run o'er, id her tell the pleasing tale once more.

- i, Daphnis! from thy Araminta fled!
- , to my love for ever, ever dead!

Our furest hope is in an hour destroy'd, And love, best gift of heav'n, not long enjoy'd.

Methinks I see her frantick with despair,
Her streaming eyes, wrung hands, and slowing hair;
Her Mechles pinners rent the sloor bestrow,
And her torn san gives real signs of woe.
Hence Superstition, that tormenting guest,
That haunts with sancy'd sears the coward breast;
No dread events upon this sate attend,
Stream eyes no more, no more thy tresses rend.
Tho' certain omens oft forewarn a state,
And dying lions show the monarch's sate;
Why should such fears bid Celia's forrow rise?
For when a Lap-dog salls no lover dies.

Cease, Celia, cease; restrain thy flowing tears, Some warmer passion will dispel thy cares. In man you'll find a more substantial bliss, More grateful toying, and a sweeter kiss.

He's dead. Oh lay him gently in the ground!

And may his tomb be by this verse renown'd.

Here Shock, the pride of all his kind, is laid;

Who farwn'd like man, but ne'er like man betray'd.

#### TOA

## OUNG LADY,

## ITH SOME LAMPREYS.

7 ITH lovers 'twas of old the fashion By prefents to convey their paffion; natter what the gift they fent, Lady faw that love was meant. Atalanta, as a favour, k the boar's head her Hero gave her; could the briftly thing affront her, as a fit present from a hunter. in Squires fend woodcocks to the dame, ves to flow their absent flame: e by a fnip of woven hair, ofied lockets bribe the fair; many mercenary matches e fprung from Di'mond-rings and watches! hold-a ring, a watch, a locket, ild drain at once a Poet's pocket;

He thould fend fongs that cost him nought, Nor even be prodigal of thought.

Why then fend Lampreys? fye, for shame!

Twill set a virgin's blood on slame.

This to afteen a proper gift!

It might lend sixty-five a lift.

I know your maiden Aunt will foold.

And think my prefent fomewhat bold.

I fee her lift her hands and eyes.

- " What eat it, Niece; eat Spenif flies!
- Lamprey's a most immodest diet :
- ' You'll neither wake nor sleep in quiet.
- Should I to-night eat Sago-cream,
- Twould make me blush to tell my dream;
- " If I eat Lobster, 'tis so warming,
- 4 That ev'ry man I fee looks charming ;
- Wherefore had not the filthy fellow
- Laid Rochester upon your pillow?
- ' I vow and swear, I think the present
- · Had been as modest and as decent.

- Who has her virtue in her power?
- Each day has its unguarded hour;
- Always in danger of undoing,
- A prawn, a shrimp may prove our ruin!
  - The shepherdess, who lives on sallad,
- To cool her youth, controuls her palate g
- Should Dian's Maids turn liqu'rish livers,
- 4 And of huge lampreys rob the rivers,
- ' Then all beside each glade and Visto,
- 'You'd fee Nymphs lying like Califle.
  - The man who meant to heat your blood,
- \* Needs not himfelf fuch vicious foed-

In this, I own, your Aunt is clear,
I fent you what I well might spare:
For when I see you, (without joking).
Your eyes, lips, breasts are so provoking.
They set my heart more cock-a-hoop,
Than could whole seas of craw-fish soupe.

T O

## A L A D Y,

## ON HER

## PASSION FOR OLD CHINA

HAT echaics her bosom fire!
How her eyes languish with defire!
How blest, how happy should I be,
Were that fond glance bestow'd on me!
New doubts and sears within me war:
What rival's near? a China Jar.

China's the passion of her soul;
A cup, a plate, a dish, a bowl
Can kindle wishes in her breast,
Instame with joy, or break her rest.

Some

Some gems collect; fome medals prize,
And view the ruft with lovers eyes;
Some court the stars at midnight hours;
Some doat on Nature's charms in flowers!
But ev'ry beauty I can trace
In Laura's mind, in Laura's face;
My stars are in this brighter sphere,
My lilly and my rose is here.

Philosophers more grave than wise
Hunt science down in butterslies;
Or fondly poring on a spider,
Stretch human contemplation wider;
Fossils give joy to Galen's soul,
He digs for knowledge, like a mole;
In shells so learn'd, that all agree
No sish that swims knows more than he!
In such pursuits if wisdom lies,
Who, Laura, shall thy taste despise!

When I some antique Jar behold,
Or white, or blue, or speck'd with gold,
Vessels so pure, and so resin'd,
Appear the types of woman-kind:

Are

Are they not valu'd for their beauty. Too fair, too fine for houshold duty? With flowers and gold and azure dy'd, Of ev'ry house the grace and pride? How white, how polish'd is their skin. And valu'd most when only seen ! She who before was highest priz'd, Is for a crack or flaw despis'd; I grant they're frail, yet they're so rare, The treasure cannot cost too dear! But man is made of coarser stuff. And ferves convenience well enough: He's a strong earthen vessel made, For drudging, labour, toil and trade; And when wives lose their other self, With ease they bear the loss of Delf.

Husbands more covetous than sage:
Condemn this China-buying rage;
'They count that woman's prudence little,.
Who sets her heart on things so brittle.
But are those wise-men's inclinations
Fixt on more strong, more sure soundations

If all that's frail we must despise, No human view or scheme is wife. Are not Ambition's hopes as weak? They swell like bubbles, shine and break. A Courtier's promise is so slight, 'Tis made at noon, and broke at night. What pleasure's sure? The Miss you keep Breaks both your fortune and your fleep. The man who loves a country life, Breaks all the comforts of his wife: And if he quit his farm and plough, His wife in town may break her vow. Love, Laura, love, while youth is warm, For each new winter breaks a charm; And woman's not like China fold. But cheaper grows in growing old; Then quickly chuse the prudent part, Or else you break a faithful heart.

## PROLOGUE

## Defigued for the Pastoral Tragedy of DIONE.

HERE was a time (O were those days renew'd!) Ere tyrant laws had woman's will subdu'd; Then nature rul'd, and love, devoid of art, Spoke the confenting language of the heart. Love uncontroul'd! infipid, poor delight! Tis the restraint that whets our appetite. Behold the beafts who range the forests free, Behold the birds who fly from tree to tree; In their amours see nature's power appear! And do they love? Yes-One month in the year. Were these the pleasures of the golden reign? And did free nature thus inffruct the swain? I envy not, ye nymphs, your am'rous bowers: Such harmless swains !-I'm even content with ours. But yet there's fomething in these sylvan scenes That tells our fancy what the lover means; Name but the mostly bank, and moon-light grove, Is there a heart that does not beat with love?

To-night we treat you with such country fare,
Then for your lover's sake our author spare.
He draws no Hemshirk boors, or home-bred clowns,
But the soft shepherds of Arcadia's downs.

When Paris on the three his judgment pass'd; I hope, you'll own the thepherd thow'd his take: And Jove, all know, was a good judge of beauty, Who made the nymph Califto break her duty; Then was the country nymph no aukward thing. See what strange revolutions time can bring!

Yet fill methinks our author's fate I dread,
Were it not fafer beaten paths to tread
Of Tragedy; than o'er wide heaths to stray,
And seeking strange adventures lose his way?
No trumpet's clangor makes his Heroine start,
And tears the foldier from her bleeding heart;
He, foolish bard! nor pomp nor show regards.
Without the witness of a hundred guards
His Lovers sigh their vows.—If sleep should take ye,
He has no battle, no loud drum to wake ye;
What, no such shifts! there's danger in't, 'tis true;
Yet spare him, as he gives you something new.

# 446 MISCELLANIES.

# SWEET WILLIAM'S FAREWELL TO BLACK-EY'D SUSAN.

### A BALLAD.

r.

A L L in the Down; the fleet was moor'd
The fireamers waving in the wind.
When black-ey'd Susan came aboard.
Oh! where shall I my true love find!
Tell me, ye jovial sailors, tell me true,
If my sweet William sails among the crew.

u.

Rock'd with the billow to and fro,

Soon as her well-known voice he heard,

He figh'd and cast his eyes below:

The cord slides swiftly through his glowing hands,

And (quick as lightning) on the deck he stands.

IH.

## MISCELLANIES 137

III.

So the sweet lark, high-pois'd in air,
Shuts close his pinions to his breast,
(If, chance, his mate's shrill call he hear)
And drops at once into her nest.
The noblest Captain in the British sleet,
Might envy William's lip those kisses sweet.

IV.

O Susan, Susan, lovely dear,

My vows shall ever true remain;

Let me kiss off that falling tear,

We only part to meet again.

Change, as ye list, ye winds; my heart shall be

The faithful compass that fall points to thee.

γ.

Believe not what the landmen fay,

Who tempt with doubts thy conftant mind:
They'll tell thee, failors, when away,

In ev'ry port a mistress find.
Yes, yes, believe them when they tell thee so,
For thou art present wheresoe'er I go.

VI.

If to fair *India*'s coast we fail,

Thy eyes are seen in di'monds bright,

Thy

# MARCELLANIES.

Thy breath is Africk's spicy gale,
Thy skin is ivory, so white.
Thus ev'ry beauteous object that I view,
Wakes in my soul some charm of lovely Suc.
VII.

Though battle call me from thy arms,

Let not my pretty Su/an mourn;

Though cannons roar, yet safe from harms,

William shall to his Dear return.

Love turns afide the balls that round me fly, Left precious tears should drop from Sufan's eye.

VIII.

The heatswain-gave the dreadful word,

The fails their swelling bosom spread,

No longer must she stay aboard:

They kiss'd, she sigh'd, he hung his head;
Her less'ning boat unwilling rows to land:
Adieu L she cries; and wav'd her lilly hand.

#### THE

## LADY'S LAMENTATION.

# A BALLAD.

. . . . . . . . . . . .

PHYLLIDA, that loved to dream
In the grove, or by the stream;
Sigh'd on velvet pillow.

What, alas ! ninevid will ther head

But a felentsin or a mead.

II.

Love in cities never dwells,

He delights in rural cells

Which sweet woodbine covers

What are your Assemblies then?

There, 'tis true, we see more men;

But much sewer lovers.

· III.

Oh, how chang'd the profpect grows!

Flocks and herds to Fops and Beaus,

Coxcombs without number!

Moor

# 140 MISCELLANIES.

Moon and stars that shone so bright, To the torch and waxen light, And whole nights at Ombre.

IV.

Pleasant as it is, to hear

Scandal tickling in our ear,

Ev'n of our own mothers;

In the chit-chat of the day,

To us is pay'd, when we're aways

What we lent to others.

V.

Though the fav'rite Toast I reign ;
Wine, they say, that prompts the vains.
Heightens defamation.
Must I live 'twixt spite and fears.
Ev'ry day grow handsomers.
And lose my reputation?

VI.

Thus the fair to fighs gave way.

Her empty purse beside her lay.

Nymph, ah cease thy forrow.

Though curst fortune frown to-night:

This odious town can give delight.

If you win to-morrow.

# DAMON AND CUPID.

#### A SONG

L

THE fun was now withdrawn,
The shepherds home were sped:
The moon wide o'er the lawn
Her silver mantle spread;
When Damon stay'd behind,
And saunter'd in the grove.
Will ne'er a nymph be kind,
And give me love for love?

II.

Oh! those were golden hours,

When Love, devoid of cares,

In all Arcadia's bow'rs

Lodg'd swains and nymphs by pairs:

But now from wood and plain

Flies ev'ry sprightly lass,

# 142 MISCE'LLANIE'S.

No joys for me remain,

- In findes, or on the grafe.

III.

> While beauty revell'd here, My game lay in the groves;

At Court I never fail

To fcatter round my arrows,

Men fall as thick as hail ;

And maidens love like sparrows.

IV:

Then, swain, if me you need, Straight lay your sheep-hook down;

Throw by your oaten reed, And haste away to town.

So well I'm known at Court, 'None asks where Cupid dwells;

But readily refort

To B-n's or L-1/3.

### DAPHNIS AND CHLOE.

#### A SONG.

I.

Mith arms a-cross, and head reclin'd;

Pale looks accus'd the cruel maid,

And fighs reliev'd his love-fick mind:

His tuneful pipe all broken lay,

Looks; fighs, and actions feem'd to fay,

My Chloe is unkind.

II.

Why ring the woods with warbling throats?
Ye larks, ye linnets, cease your strains;
I faintly hear in your sweet notes,
My Chloe's voice that wakes my pains;
Yet why should you your song-forbear?
Your mates delight your song to hear,
But Chlos mine distains.

III.

# 344 MISCELLANIES

III

As thus he melancholy flood,

Dejected as the lonely dove,

Sweet founds broke gently through the wood.

I feel the found; my heart-firings move.

'Twas not the nightingale that fung;

No. 'Tis my Chlor's sweeter tongue.

Hark, hark, what says my love!

IV.

How foolish is the nymph (the cries)

Who trifles with her lover's pain?

Nature fill speaks in woman's eyes,

Our artful lips were made to feign.

O Daphnis, Daphnis, 'twas my pride,

"I'was not my heart thy love deny'd,

Come back, dear youth, again.

v.

As t'other day my hand he seiz'd,
My blood with thrilling motion slew;
Sudden I put on looks displeas'd,
And hasty from his hold withdrew.
'Twas fear alone, thou simple swain,
Then hadst thou prest my hand again,
My heart had yielded too!

VI.

Tis true, thy tuneful reed I blam'd,
That swell'd thy lip and rosy cheek;
Think not thy skill in song defam'd,
That lip should other pleasures seek:
Much, much thy musick I approve;
Yet break thy pipe, for more I love,
Much more to hear thee speak.
VII.

My heart forebodes that I'm betray'd, Daphnis I fear is ever gone;

Last night with Delia's dog he play'd,

Love by such trifles first comes on.

Now, now, dear shepherd, come away,

My tongue would now my heart obey.

Ah Chloc, thou art won!

· VIII.

The youth step'd forth with hasty pace,
And found where wishing Chloe lay;
Shame sudden lighten'd in her face,
Confus'd, she knew not what to say.
At last in broken words, she cry'd;
To-morrow you in vain had try'd,
But I am lost to-day!

.'Il You. II.

#### THE

# COQUET MOTHER AND DAUGHTER.

### A SONG.

I.

A T the close of the day,
When the bean-flow'r and hay
Breath'd odours in every wind;
Love enliven'd the veins
Of the damiels and swains;
Each glance and each action was kind.

II.

Molly, wanton and free,
Kis'd, and fat on each knee,
Fond ecstafy swam in her eyes.
See, thy mother is near,
Hark! she calls thee to hear
What age and experience advise.

### MISCELLANIES. 149

III.

Hast thou seen the blithe dove
Stretch her neck to her love,
All glosly with purple and gold?
If a kiss he obtain,
She returns it again!

What follows, you need not be told.

IA"

Look ye, mother, she cry'd,
You instruct me in pride,
And men by good-manners are won.
She who trisses with all
Is less likely to fall

Than she who but trifles with one.

٧.

Prithee, Molly, be wife,

Left by sudden surprize

Love should tingle in ev'ry vein:

Take a shepherd for life,

And when once you're a wife,

You safely may trifle again.

# 148 MISCELLANIES

VI.

Molly fimiling reply'd,

Then I'll foon be a bride;

Old Roger has gold in his cheft.

But I thought all you wives

Chose a man for your lives,

And trifled no more with the reft.



A

# CONTEMPLATION

O N

# NIGHT.

HETHER amid the gloom of night I stray,
Or my glad eyes enjoy revolving day,
Still Nature's various face informs my sense,
Of an all-wise, all-powerful Providence.

When the gay sun first breaks the shades of night,
And strikes the distant eastern hills with light,
Colour returns, the plains their liv'ry wear,
And a bright verdure clothes the smiling year;
The blooming slow'rs with op'ning beauties glow,
And grazing slocks their milky sleeces show,

The

### 150 MISCELLANIES.

The barren cliffs with chalky fronts arise, And a pure azure arches o'er the skies. But when the gloomy reign of night returns, Stript of her fading pride all nature mourns: The trees no more their wented verdure booft. But weep in dewy tears their beauty loft; No distant landskips draw our eurious eyes. Wrapt in night's robe the whole creation lies. Yet still, even now, while darkness clothes the land, We view the traces of th' almighty hand; Millions of flars in heaven's wide vault appear, And with new glories hang the boundless sphere: The filver moon her western couch forsakes. And o'er the skies her nightly circle makes, Her folid globe beats back the funny rays, And to the world her borrow'd light repays.

Whether those stars that twinkling lustre send,
Are suns, and rolling worlds those suns attend,
Man may conjecture, and new schemes declare,
Yet all his systems but conjectures are;
But this we know, that heaven's eternal King,
Who hid this universe from nothing spring,

Can at his Word bid num'rous worlds appear,
And rifing worlds th' all-pow'rful Word shall hear.

When to the western main the sun descends,
To other lands a rising day he lends,
The spreading dawn another shepherd spies,
The wakeful flocks from their warm folds arise;
Refresh'd, the peasant seeks his early toil,
And bids the plough correct the fallow soil.
While we in sleep's embraces waste the night,
The climes oppos'd enjoy meridian light:
And when those lands the busy sun scrakes,
With us again the rosy moraing wakes;
In lazy sleep the night rolls swift away,
And neither clime laments his absent ray.

When the pure soul is from the body flown,
No more shall night's alternate reign be known:
The sun no more shall rolling light bestow,
But from th' Almighty streams of glory slow.
Oh, may some nobler thought my soul employ,
Than empty, transient, sublunary joy!
The stars shall drop, the sun shall lose his slame,
But thou, O God, for ever shine the same,

#### A

# THOUGHT

ON

# ETERNITY.

E RE the foundations of the world were laid,
Ere kindling light th' Almighty word obey'd,
Thou wert; and when the subterraneous slame
Shall burst its prison, and devour this frame,
From angry heaven when the keen lightning slies,
When servent heat dissolves the melting skies,
Thou still shalt be; still as thou wert before,
And know no change, when time shall be no more.
O endless thought! divine eternity!
Th' immortal soul shares but a part of thee;
For thou wert present when our life began,
When the warm dust shot up in breathing man.

Ah! what is life? with ills encompass'd round, maidst our hopes, Fate strikes the sudden wound: To-day the statesman of new honour dreams, To-morrow death destroys his airy schemes; s mouldy treasure in thy chest consin'd?

Think all that treasure thou must leave belief, Think all that treasure thou must leave belief, And all thy hoards with lavish hand disperse. Should certain fate th' impending blow delay, Thy mirth will sicken and thy bloom decay; Then seeble age will all thy nerves disarm, No more thy blood its narrow channels warm. Who then would wish to stretch this narrow span, To suffer life beyond the date of man?

The virtuous foul purfues a nobser aim,
And life regards but as a fleeting dream:
She longs to wake, and wishes to get free,
To launch from earth into eternity.
For while the boundless theme extends our thought,
Ten thousand thousand rolling years are nought.

# 154 MISCELLANIES

# MY OWN EPITAPH.

LIFE is a jeft, and all things show it, I thought so once, but now I know it.





# DIONE.

A

# PASTORAL TRAGEDY.

----Sunt numina amanti, Savit et injustå lege reli&a Venus.

TIBULL. Eleg. v. Lib. s.

## DRAMATIS PERSONÆ.

MEN.

Evander under the name of Lycidas. Cleanthes. Shepherds.

WOMEN.

Dione under the name of Alexis.

Parthenia.

Laura.

Scene ARCADIA.

# ACT I. SCENE I.

Plain, at the foot of a steep craggy Mountain.

#### DIONE. LAURAL

#### LAURA.

HY dost thou sly me? stay, unhappy fair, Seek not these horrid caverns of despair; trace thy steps the midnight air I bore, d the brown desart, and unshelter'd moor: ee times the lark has sung his matin lay, I rose on dewy wing to meet the day, ee first I sound thee, stretch'd in pensive mood, ere laurels border Ladon's silver slood.

#### DIONE.

t my foul with grateful thanks o'erflow!
to thy hand my daily life I owe.

Like

### 158 D I O N E.

Like the weak lamb you rais'd me from the plain,
Too faint to bear bleak winds and beating rain;
Each day I share thy bowl and clean repast,
Each night thy roof defends the chilly blass.
But vain is all thy friendship, vain thy care:
Forget a wretch abandon'd to despair.

#### LAURA.

Despair will fly thee, when thou shalt impart
The fatal secret that torments thy heart;
Disclose thy forrows to my faithful ear,
Instruct these eyes to give thee tear for tear.
Love, love's the cause; our forests speak thy slame,
The rocks have learnt to sigh Evander's name.
If faultering shame thy bashful tongue restrain,
If thou hast look'd, and blush'd, and sigh'd in vain;
Say, in what grove thy lovely shepherd strays,
Tell me what mountains warble with his lays;
Thither I'll speed me, and with moving art
Draw soft consessions from his melting heart.

#### DIONE.

Thy gen'rous care has touch'd my secret woe. Love bids these scalding tears incessant slow, If-fated love! O fay, ye fylvan maids,
Who range wide foress, and sequester'd shades,
Say where Evander bled, point out the ground
That yet is purple with the savage wound.
Yonder he lies; I hear the bird of prey;
High o'er those cliss the raven wings his way;
Hark how he croaks! he scents the murder near.
O may no greedy beak his visage tear!
Shield him, ye Capids; strip the Paphian grove,
And strow unsading myrtls o'er my love!
Down, heaving heart.

LAURA.

--- The mournful tale disclose.

#### DIONE.

Let not my tears intrude on thy repose.

Yet if, thy friendship still the cause request;

I'll speak, tho' forrow rend my lab'ring breast.

Know then, fair shepherdess, no honest swain.

Taught me the duties of the peaceful plain;

Unus'd to sweet content, no slocks I keep,

Nor browning goats that overhang the steep.

Born where Orchomenos' proud turrets shine,

I trace my birth from long illustrious line,

Why was I train'd amidst Arcadia's court?

Love ever revels in that gay resort.

Whene'er Evander past, my smitten heart

Heav'd frequent sighs, and selt unusual smart.

Ah! hadst thou seen with what sweet grace he mov'd

Yet why that wish? for Laura then had lov'd.

#### LAURA.

Distrust me not; thy secret wrongs impa

#### DIONE.

Forgive the fallies of a breaking heart.

Evander's fighs his mutual flame confest,

The growing passion labour'd in his breast;

To me he came; my heart with rapture sprung,

To see the blushes, when his faultering tongue

First said, I love. My eyes consent reveal,

And plighted vows our faithful passion seal.

Where's now the lovely youth? he's lost, he's slain,

And the pale corse lies breathless on the plain!

#### LAURA.

Are thus the hopes of constant lovers paid?

The thus—ye Powers, from love defend the maid?

#### DIONE.

- =Now have twelve mornings warm'd the purple east,
- Since my dear hunter rous'd the tusky beast;
- \* Swift flew the foaming monster through the wood.
- Swift as the wind, his eager steps pursu'd:
  - Twas-then the favage turn'd; then fell the youth, And his dear blood distain'd the barb'rous tooth.

#### LAURA

Was there none near? no ready fuccour found? Nor healing herb to staunch the spouting wound?

#### DIONE.

In vain through pathless woods the hunters crost,
And sought with anxious eye their master lost;
In vain their frequent hollows eccho'd shrill,
And his lov'd name was sent from hill to hill;
Evander hears you not. He's lost, he's slain,
And the pale corse lies breathless on the plain.

LAURAL

## 162 D I O N E.

#### LAURA.

Has yet no clown (who, wand'ring from the way, Beats ev'ry bush to raise the lamb astray) Observ'd the fatal spot?

#### DIONE.

Where purple murder dies the wither'd grass,

With pious finger gently close his eyes,

And let his grave with decent verdure rife.

Change

# after a performa carly a nAis see in tached a lan-

Behold the turtie who has lost her mate;
Awhile with drooping wing the mourns his fate,
Sullen, awhile the feeks the darkest grove,
And cooing medicates the murder'd dove;
But time the rueful image wears away,
Again she's chear'd, again she seeks the day.
Spare then thy beauty, and no longer pine.

#### DIONE.

Yet fure fome turtle's love has equali'd mine,
Who, when the hawk has fhatch'd her mate away,
Hath never known the glad return of day.

When

When my fond father saw my faded eye, And on my livid cheek the roses die;
When catching fighs my wasted bosom mov'd, My looks, my sighs confirm'd him that I lov'd. He knew not that Evander was my slame, Evander dead! my passion still the same!
He came, he threaten'd; with paternal sway Cleanthes nam'd, and fix'd the suptial day:
O cruel kindness! too severely prest!
I scorn his honours, and his wealth detest.

#### LAURA.

How vain is force! Love ne'er can be compell'd.

#### DIONE.

Though bound by duty, yet my heart rebell'd.

One night, when sleep had hush'd all busy spies,
And the pale moon had journey'd half the skies.

Softly I rose and dress'd; with silent tread,
Unbarr'd the gates, and to these mountains sled.

Here let me sooth the metancholy hours!

Close me, ye woods, within your twilight bow're!

Where my calm soul may settled forrow know,
And no Cleanther interrupt my wee

[Melanchely musick is beard at a distance. With

# 164 DIONE.

With importuning love—On yonder plain.

Advances flow a melancholy train;

Black Cypress boughs their drooping heads adon.

#### LAURA.

Alas! Menalcas to his grave is borne.

Behold the victim of Parthenia's pride!

He faw, he figh'd, he lov'd, was form'd and dy'd

#### DIONE.

Where dwells this beauteous tyrant of the plains? Where may I see her?

# LAURA.

——Ask the fighing swains.

They best can speak the conquests of her eyes,
Whoever sees her, loves; who loves her, dies.

#### DIONE.

Perhaps untimely fate her flame hath cross'd, And she, like me, hath her Evander lost. How my soul pities her!

#### LAURA.

---If pity move

Your generous bosom, pity those who love.

There late arriv'd among our sylvan race
A stranger shepherd, who with lonely pace
Visits those mountain pines at dawn of day,
Where oft' Parthenia'takes her early way
To rouse the chace; mad with his am'rous pain,
He stops and raves; then sullen walks again.
Parthenia's name is born by passing gales,
And talking hills repeat it to the dales.
Come, let us from this vale of sorrow go,
Nor let the mournful scene prolong thy woe. [Excent,

### + SCENE IL

# Shepherds and Shepherdefes, (crown'd with garlant of Opens and Yew) bearing the body of Messalco.

#### 1 SHEPHERD.

Here gently tell the corfo—With fault'ring brents. Thus fpake Minetes on the verge of death.

- \* Belov'd Palouss, hear a dying friend;
- See, where you kills with craggy brows afcead,
- <sup>6</sup> Low in the valley where the mountain grows,
- " There first I saw her, there began my woes,
- When I am cold, may there this clay be laid;
- \* There often firays the dear, the cruel maid,
- 'There as she walks, perhaps you'll hear her say,
- (While a kind gushing tear shall force its way)
- \* How could my stubborn heart relentless prove?
- ' Ah poot Menaleus-all thy fault was love!'

<sup>4</sup> This and the following Scene are form'd upon the novel of Matcella in Don Quincte.

#### 2 SHIPHIND.

n pitying lines o'er a carcase gross, hungry tygers bleeding kids bemoss; in the lean wolf laments the mangled theep; a shall Parthesia o'er Manalear weep.

#### 1 SHIPHERD.

in familed panthers feek their morning food, monfters roar along the defart wood; in histing vipers rulle through the brake, in the path-way fears the speckled snake; wary swain the approaching peril spies, I through some distant road securely slies, then, ye swains, from beauty's surer wound, was the fate our poor Menakas sound!

#### 2 SHEPHERD.

at shepherd does not mourn Menalcas slain?
'd by a barbarous woman's proud distain!
oe'er attempts to bend her scennful mind,
is to the deserts, and pursues the wind.

#### 1 SHEPHERD:

With ev'ry grace Mandes was endow'd,
His merits divided all the fylvent croud.
If you would know his pipe's includious found,
Alk all the echoes of these hills stround,
For they have learnt his firains; who shall rehears
The firength, the cadence of his tuneful verse?
Go, read these losty poplars; there you'll find
Some tender somet grow on ev'ry rind.

Yet what avails his skill? Parthenia flies.

i Shepherb.

Why was Parthenia form'd of softest mould?
Why does her heart such savage nature hold?
O ye kind gods! or all her charms efface,
Or tame her heart—so spare the shepherd race.

Can merit hope success in woman's eyes?

SREPHERDS OF CALL

As fade the flowers which on the grave I cuft; So may Parthenia's transient beauty waste!

# SHEP

#### SHEPHERD.

at woman ever counts the fleeting years; fees the wrinkle which her forehead wears?

nking her feature never shall decay,
s swain she scorns, from that she turns away.

know, as when the rose her bud unfolds,
hile each breast the faort-liv'd fragrance holds;
en the dry stalk lets drop her sarvell'd pride,
e lovely ruin's ever thrown aside.

shall Parthesia beas

#### 2 SHEPHERD

See, the appears, boast her spoils, and triumph in our tears.

#### SCENE III.

Parthenia appears from the mountain.

PARTHENIA. SHEPHERDS

I SHEPHERD.

hy this way dost thou turn thy baneful eyes, micious Bafilisk? Lo! there he lies, Vol. II.

There

There lies the youth thy curfed beauty flew; See, at thy prefence, how he bleeds maw! Look down, onjoy thy/murder.

#### PARTWENIA.

I come to clear a virgin's injus'd name.

If I'm a Bafilish, the danger fly,

Shun the fwift glances of my vessom'd eye:

If I'm a murd'rer, why approach ye near,

And to the dagger lay your bosom bare?

I SHEPHERD.

What heart is proof against that face divine?

Love is not in our power.

# PARTHENIA.

Is love in mine?

If e'er I trifled with a shepherd's pain,

Or with false hope his passion strove to gain;

Then might you justly curse my savage mind,

Then might you rank me with the serpent kind:

ut I ne'er trifled with a shepherd's pain, for with false hope his passion strove to gain: I is to his rash pursuit he owes his fate, was not cruel; he was obstinate.

#### I SHEPHERD.

lear this, ye lighing shepherds, and despair, nhappy Lycidas, thy hour is near! ince the same barb'rous hand hath sign'd thy doom, 7e'll lay three in our lov'd Menulcas' tomb.

#### PARTHENIA:

Thy will intruding man my peace destroy?

et me content and solitude enjoy;

ree was I born; my freedom to maintain,

atly I sought the unambitious plain.

Soft women's weak resolves, like reeds, will ply,

hake with each breath, and bend with ev'ry sigh;

sine, like an oak, whose sirm roots deep descend,

sor breath of love can shake, nor sigh can bend.

f ye unhappy Lycides would save;

so seek him, lead him to Menalcas' grave;

orbid his eyes with sowing grief to rain,

sike him Menalcas wept, but wept in vain;

# 172 DIONE.

Bid him his heart-confuming groams give o'er:
Tell him, I heard such piercing groams before,
And heard unmov'd. O Lycidas, be wise,
Prevent thy fate.—Lo! there Menalcas lies,

#### 1 SHIPHIND.

Now all the melancholy rites are paid,
And o'er his grave the weeping marble laid;
Let's feek our charge; the flocks dispersing wide,
Whiten with moving fleece the mountain's fide.
Trust not, ye swains, the lightning of her eye,
Left ye like him, should love, despair, and die.

[Exeunt Shepherds, &c. Parthenia remains in a mlancholy posture, looking on the grave of Menalcas.

Enter Lycidas,



# SCENE IV.

# Lycidas, Parthenia.

#### LYCIDAS.

When shall my steps have rest? through all the wood, And by the winding banks of Ladon's stood
I fought my love. O say, ye skipping fawns,
(Who range entangled shades and daisy'd lawns)
If ye have seen her! say, ye warbling race,
(Who measure on swift wing th' aerial space,
And view below hills, dales, and distant shores)
Where shall I find her whom my soul adores!

# SCENE V.

Lycidas, Parthenia, Dione, Laura.

[Dione and Laura at a diffance,

# LYCIDAS.

What do I see? no. Fancy mocks my eyes, And bids the dear deluding vision rise.

# 174 DIONE

'Tis she. My springing heart her presence seels. See, prostrate Lycidas before thee kneels.

[Kneeling to Parthenia

Why will Parthenia turn her face away?

#### PARTHENIA.

Who calls Parthenia? hah!

[She starts from her melancholy; and seeing Lycidas,
flies into the wood.

#### LYCIDAS.

O wing my feet, kind Love. See, see, she bounds,
Fleet as the mountain roe, when prest by hounds.

[He pursues ber. Dione faints in the arms of Laura,

#### LAURA.

What means this trembling? all her colour flies, And life is quite unstrung. Ah! lift thy eyes, And answer me; speak, speak, 'tis Laura calls. Speech has forsook her lips.—She faints, she falls. Fan her, ye Zephyrs, with your balmy breath, And bring her quickly from the shades of death:

Blow,

, ye cool-gales. See, fee, the forest shakes coming winds! she breathes, she moves, she wakes.

DIONE.

Me Evander!

LAURA.

Calm thy fobbing breaft. what new forrow has thy heart oppress?

Dione.

thou not hear his fighs and suppliant tone?
thou not hear the pitying mountain groan?
thou not see him bend his suppliant knee?
in my happy days he knelt to me,
pour'd forth all his soul! see how he strains,
lessens to the fight o'er yonder plains,
ceep the fair in view! run, virgin, run,
not his vows; I heard, and was undone!

LAURAL

10t imaginary terrors fright.

- dark delution fwims before thy fights.
- r Parthenia from the mountain's brows, Lycidas with profirate duty bows

1.4

Swift,

Swift, as the falcon's wing, I faw her fly,

And heard the cavern to his groans reply.

Why fiream thy tears for forrows not thy own?

#### DIONE.

Oh! Where are honour, faith, and justice flown? Perjur'd Evander!

# LAURA.

Death has faid him low.

Touch not the mournful string that wakes thy woe,

#### DIONE.

That am'rous swain, whom Lycidas you name, (Whose faithless bosom feels another flame)
Is my once kind Evander—yes—'twas he.
He lives—but lives, alas! no more for me.

# LAURA.

Let not thy frantick words confess despair.

# DIONE.

What, know I not his voice, his mien, his air?

Yes, I that treath rous voice with joy believ'd,
That voice, that mien, that air my fonl deceiv'd,
If my dear shepherd love the lawns and glades,
With him I'll range the lawns and seek the shades,
With him through solitary defarts rove.
But could be leave me for another love?
O base ingratitude!

#### LAURA

——Suspend thy grief,
And let my friendly counsel bring relief
To thy desponding soul. Parthenia's ear
Is barr'd for ever to the lover's prayer;
Evander courts disdain, he follows scorn,
And in the passing winds his vows are born.
Soon will he find that all in vain he strove
To tame her bosom; then his sormer love
Shall wake his soul; then will he sighing blame
His heart inconstant and his perjur'd stame:
Then shall he at Dione's feet implore,
Lament his broken faith, and change no more.

#### DIONE.

Perhaps this cruel nymph well knows to feign Forbidding speech, coy looks, and cold disdain,

# 178 DIONE

To raife his patien. Such are female arts.

To hold in fafer feares incombant hearts!

LATEA.

Parthesia's break is ficely with stal form.

Dione.

And dok thou think Bounder will return?

LAURA.

Forego thy fex, lay all thy robes afide,
Strip off these ornaments of semale pride;
The shepherd's vest must hide thy graceful sit,
With the bold manly step a swain appear;
Then with Evander may'st thou rove unknown,
Then let thy tender eloquence be shown;
Then the new sury of his heart controul,
And with Disse's sufferings touch his soul.

# DIONE.

Sweet as refreshing dews, or summer showers
To the long parching thirst of drooping slowers;
Grateful as sanning gales to fainting swains,
And soft as trickling balm to bleeding pains,

Such are thy words. The fex shall be resign'd,
No more shall braided gold these tresses bind;
The shepherd's garb the woman shall disguise.
If he has lost all love, may friendship's tyes
Unite me to his heart.!

# LAURA.

Go, prosp'rous maid,
May smiling leve thy faithful wishes aid.
Be now Alexis call'd. With thee I'll rove,
And watch thy wand'rer through the mazy grove;
Let me be honour'd with a fifter's name;
For thee, I feel a more than faster's flame.

#### DIONE ..

Berhaps my shopherd has outstript her haste.

Think'st thou, when out of sight, she siew so fast!

One sudden glance might turn her savage mind;

May she like Daphne sly, nor look behind,

Maintain her scorn, his eager slame despise,

Nor view Evander with Diene's eyes!

# BION E

# ACT IL SCENE L

Lycidas fring on the grove of Menalcas.

# Lycrban.

# WHEN shall these scaleding fountains cease to

How long will life fusian this load of woe?

Why glows the morn? roll back, thou source of light,
And seed my sorrows with eternal night.

Come, sable Death! give, give the welcome stroke;
The raven calls thee from yon' blasted oak.

What pious care my ghastful lid shall close?

What decent hand my frozen limbs compose?

O happy shepherd, free from anxious pains,
Who now art wandring in the sighing plains
Of blest Elysium; where in myrtle groves

Enamour'd ghosts bemoan their former loves.

Open,

Open, thou filent grave; for lo! I come
To meet Menalcas in the fragrant gloom;
There shall my bosom burn with friendship's slame;
The same our passion, and our fate the same;
There, like two nightingales on neighb'ring boughs;
Alternate strains shall mourn our frustrate vows.
But if cold Death should close Parthenia's eye,
And should her beauteous form come gliding by;
Friendship would soon in jealous fear be lost,
And kindling hate pursue thy rival ghost.

# SCENE II.

LYCIDAS DIONE in a Shepherd's babis.

# LYCIDAS.

Hah! who comes here? turn hence, be timely wife.

Trust not thy safety to Parthenia's eyes.

As from the bearing faulcon slies the dove,

So, wing'd with fear, Parthenia slies from love.

DIONE.

#### DIONE ..

If in these wales the fatal beauty stray,.

From the cold marble rise; let's haste away..

Why lye you panting, like the smitten deer?

Trust not the dangers which you bid me fear.

#### LYCIDAS.

Bid the lur'd lark, whom tangling nots surprise;. On soaring pimon rove the spacious skies;
Bid the cag'd linnet range the leasy grove;
Then bid my captive heart get loose from love.
The snares of death are over me. Hence; beware
Less you should see her, and like me despair.

#### DIONE.

No. Let her come; and feek this vale's recess, In all the beauteous negligence of dress; Though Capid send a shaft in ev'ry glance, Though all the Graces in her step advance, My heart can stand it all. Be firm, my breast; Th' ensnaving path, the broken your detect.

perj'ry, fraud, and meditated lies.

'e's feated in the foul, and never dies.

at then avail her charms? my confiant heart.

all gaze feates, and mock a fecond data.

#### Lycidas.

you perhaps a happler fate have found; d the same hand that gave, now heals the wounds art thou left abandon'd and forlorn, wretch, like me, the sport of pride and scorn h

#### DIONE.

ell me shepherd, hath thy faithless maid se to her vow thy flatter'd hope betray'd.? I her smooth speech engage thee to believe? I she protest and swear, and then deceive? h are the pangs I see!!

# LYCIDAL

temns my fuff'rings, and distains to hear.
meaner Beauties learn'd in semale snares
ice the swain with half-consenting airs;

# 94 DIONE

Such vulgar arts ne'er aid her conqu'ring eyes, And yet, where-e'er fhe turns, a lover fighs. Vain is the fleady conflancy you boaft; All other love at fight of her is loft.

# DIONE.

True confiancy no time, no power can move.

He that hath known to change, ne'er knew to love.

Though the dear author of my haples flame

Pursue-another; still my heart's the same.

Am I for ever left? (excuse these tears)

May your kind friendship soften all my cares!

#### LYCIDAS.

What comfort can a wretch, like me, bestow ?

#### DIONE.

He best can pity who hath felt the woe.

# LYCIDAS.

Since diff'rent objects have our fouls possest, No rival sears our friendship shall-molest.

# DIONE.

Come, let us leave the shade of these brown hills, And drive our slocks beside the streaming rills.

Shoul

the electric representation to promise it was

a confirmation of a transfer of a

I be to the related with any should state of the

Should the fair tyrant to these vales return,
How would thy breast with double fury burn!
Go hence, and seek thy peace.

S.Q.E.N.E. HL. MAR & DESTRUCT

LYCIDAS, DIONE, LAURA,

Laura.

Fly, fly this place;

Beware of love; the proudest of her race
This way approaches: from among the pines,
Where from the steep the winding path declines.
I saw the nymph descend.

LYCIBAS. Addition of

She comes, she comes;

From her the passing Zephyrs steal perfumes,
As from the willet's bank with odours sweet:
Breathes ev'ry gals, spring blooms beneath her feet.

Yes,

Yes, 'tis my fillrest; here she's wont to

BAURA.

Cay, by what figus I might have known thy Love !

LYCHDAL

My Love is fairer than the facery break Of the tall fwan, whose proudly fwelling chests Divides the waves her treffit hose behind, Play on her neck, and wanton in the wind: The rifing bluthes, which her cheek o'erfpeead, Are op'ning roles in the lilly's bed.

Know'R then Parthenia ?

E.A. TITE AL.

-Wretched is the flave

Who ferves fuch pride! behold Menakas' grave! Yet if Alexis and this fighing swain Wish to behold the Typant of the plain, Let us belief these myrtles twining arms. Retire unseen; from thence survey her charens. Wild as the chaunting thrush upon the spray. Agman's approach the fwiftly flice away.

te the young hare, I've feen the panting maid p, liften, run; of ev'ry wind afraid.

#### LYCIDAS.

epherd, beware—now fortify thy heart. [To Dione. [Lycidas, Dione, and Laura retire behind the beeght.

# SCENE IV.

# PARTHENIA, LYCIDAS, DIONE, LAURA,

#### PARTHENSA.

his melancholy scene demands a grown.

ah! what inscription marks the weeping stone?

pow'r of beauty! bere Menalcas lies.

aze not, so stopberds, on Parthenia's eyes.

Thy did heav'n form me with such polish'd care?

Thy cast my seatures in a mold so fair?

blooming beauty was a blessing meant,

Thy are my sighing hours desiy'd cantent?

The

The downy peach, that glows with funny dyes. Feeds the black finail, and lures voracious flies; The juicy pear invites the feather'd kind. And pecking finches scoop the golden rind; But beauty fuffers more pernicious wrongs, Blafted by envy, and censorious tongues. How happy lives the nymph, whose comely face And pleafing glances boaft fufficient grace To wound the twain the loves! no jealous fears Shall vex her nuptial flate with nightly tears. Nor am'rous youths, to push their foul pretence, Infest her days with dull impertinence. But why talk I of love? my guarded heart. Disowns his power, and turns aside the dart. Hark! from his hollow tomb Menalcas cries, Gaze not, ye shepherds, on Parthenia's eyes. Come, Lycidas, the mournful lay peruse, Lest thou, like him, Parthenia's eyes accuse.

[She stands in a melancholy posture, looking on the tombi

# LYCIDAS.

Call'd she not Lycidas? --- I come, my fair; See gen'rous pity melts into a tear,

And

And her heart foftens. Now's the tender hour,
Affift me, Love, exert thy fov'reign power
To tame the formful maid.

DIONE.

----Rash swain, be wise:

Tis not from thee or him; from Love she slies.

Leave her, forget her.

[They bold Lycidas.

LAURA

-Why this furious hafte?

LYCIDAS.

Unhand me; loose me.

DIONE.

To follow her, is, to prolong despair.

Shepherd, you must not go.

LYCIDAS.

Bold youth, forbear.

Hear me, Partbenia.

P

# ĐIƠN C.

i t 90

# PARTHENIA.

---From behind the faule

Methought a voice fome-lift ning fly betity'd.
Yes, I'm observ'd.
[Sie ran

LICIDAN

She hears me not—when will my formwa end!

As over-spent with toil, my heaving break

Beats quick. "Tis death alone can give me ref.

[He compine in a first melachily

# SCENE V.

LYCIDAS, DIONE, LAURA.

LAURA.

Recall thy scatter'd sense, bid reason wake, Subdue thy passion.

Lycidas.

Shall I never speak?

She's gone, the's gone—Kind shepherd, let me rest.

My troubled head upon thy friendly breast.

The forest seems to move——O cursed state!

I doom'd to love, and she condemn'd to hate!

Tell me, Alexis, art thou still the same?

Did not her brighter eyes put out the same

Of thy sirst love? did not thy statt'ring heart,

Whene'er she rais'd her look, confess the dart?

#### DIONE.

I own the nymph is fairest of her race,
Yet I unmov'd can on this beauty gaze,
Mindful of former promise; all that's dear,
My thoughts, my dreams, my ev'ry wish is there.
Since then our hopes are lost; let friendship's tye
Calm our distress, and slighted love supply;
Let us together drive our sleecy store,
And of ungrateful woman think no more.

# LYCIDAS.

'Tis death alone can rafe her from my breaft.

# LAURA.

Why shines thy love so far above the rest?

Nature.

Mature, the true, the every but wird grade, 2002.

Her nicest head ampley de the lovery faced our descriptions feature flampt; with rosy dives.

With beauteous feature flampt; with rosy dives.

Warm'd her fair cheek; with lightning arm'd her eyes.

But if thou feated the fectors of her mind; and

Where shall thy the fectors of her mind; and

Sure hell with crockly her breast supply d.

How did she glory when Minates dy d!

Pride in her bosom reigna; she's false, she's vain;

She first entices, then insults the swain;

Shall semale cunning lead the heart askey?

LYCIDAS,

How woman talks of woman!

DIONE.

---Hence depart;

Let a long absence cure thy love-sick heart. To some far grove retire, her sight disclaim, Nor with her charms awake the dying slame. Let not an hour thy happy slight suspend; But go not, Lycidas, without thy friend.

Togethe

Together let us feek the chearful plains,
And lead the dance among the sportive swains,
Devoid of care.

#### LAURA.

To captivate the youths; the youths appear
In fine array; in ringlets waves their hair
Rich with ambrofial fcents, the fair to move,
And all the business of the day is love.
There from the gaudy train select a dame,
Her willing glance shall catch an equal slame.

# LYCIDAS.

17 -

Name not the Court.—The thought my foul confounds, And with Dione's wrongs my bosom wounds.

Heav'n justly vindicates the faithful maid;
And now are all my broken vows repaid.

Perhaps she now laments my fancy'd death

With tears unseign'd; and thinks my gasping breath.

Vol. II. K Sigh'd

Wen I fond innocence and truth betray'd. [MA. [Dione and Laura aport.

#### DIONE

Hark! how reflection wakes his confcious heart. From my pale lids the tickling forrows flart; How shall my breast the swelling fighs confine!

#### LAURA.

O smooth thy brow, conceal our just design:

Be yet awhile unknown. If grice axise,

And force a passage through thy gushing eyes,

Quickly retire, thy forcows so compose;

Or with a look serene disguise thy wees.

[Dione is going out. Laura walks at a diffunct.

# LYCIDAS.

Canit thou, Alexis, leave me thus diffrest?
Where's now the boasted friendship of thy breast?
Hast thou not oft survey'd the dappted deer
In social herds o'erspread the pastures fair,
When op'ning bounds the warmer scent pursue,
And force the destin'd victim from the crew,

The hereturns, and fain would join the band,
While all their horns the panting wretch withfind?
Such is thy friendship; thus might I conside.

#### DIONE.

Why wilt thou crafter what thou no'er haft try'4? Sooner shall swallows leave their callow brood, Who with their plaintive chirpings cry for food; Sooner shall hens expose their infant care, When the spread kite sails wheeling in the air, Than I forsake thee when by danger prest; Wrong not by jealous sears a faithful breast.

# LYCIDAS.

If thy fair spoken tongue thy bosom shows, There let the secrets of my soul repose.

# DIONE.

Far be suspicion; in my truth conside.
O let my heart thy load of cares dividel

# LYCIDAS.

Know then, Alexis, that in vain I strove To break her chain, and free my foul from love;

# 196 DIONE.

On the lim'd twig thus finches beat their wings, Still more entangled in the clammy firings.

The flow-pac'd days have witness'd my despair,

Upon my weary couch fits wakeful care;

Down my flush'd cheek the flowing forrows run,

As dows descend to weep the absent fun.

# DIONE.

-These wild thoughts suspend; And in the kind commands instruct the friend.

#### LYCIDAS.

Whene'er my fault'ring tongue would urge my ca Deaf is her ear, and fullen she withdraws. Go then, Alexis; seek the scornful maid, In tender eloquence my suff'rings plead; Of slighted passion you the pangs have known; O judge my secret anguish by your own!

# DIONE.

Had I the skill inconstant hearts to move, My longing soul had never lost my Love. My feeble tongue, in these soft arts untry'd,
Can ill support the thunder of her pride;
When she shall bid me to thy bower repair,
How shall my trembling lips her threats declare!
How shall I tell thee that she could behold,
With brow serene, thy corse all pale and cold
Beat on the dashing billow? shouldst thou go
Where the tall hill o'erhangs the rocks below,
Near thee the tyrant could unpitying stand,
Nor call thee back, nor stretch a saving hand.
Wilt thou then still persist to tempt thy fate,
To feed her pride and gratify her hate?

#### LYCIDAS.

Know, unexperienc'd youth, that woman's mind
Oft shifts her passions, like th' inconstant wind;
Sudden she rages, like the troubled main,
Now sinks the storm, and all is calm again.
Watch the kind moment, then my wrongs impart,
And the soft tale shall glide into her heart.

#### DIONE.

No. Let her wander in the lonely grove, And never hear the tender voice of love.

Let

Let her awhile, neglected by the swain, Pass by, nor sighs molest the chearful plain : I hus shall the sury of her pride be laid; Thus humble into love the haughty maid.

#### LYCIDAS.

Vain are attempts my passion to controul.

Is this the balm to cure my fainting soul?

#### DIONE.

Deep then among the green-wood shades 1911 rovel. It And seek with weary'd pace thy wander'd Love 1. 19 Prostrate I'll fall, and with incessant prayers

Hang on her knees, and bathe her feet with tears 1. If sighs of pity can her ear incline,

(O Lycidas, my life is wrapt in thine!)

1'll charge her from thy voice to hear the tale,

Thy voice more sweet than notes along the vale

Breath'd from the warbling pipe: the moving strain

Shall stay her slight, and conquer her distain.

Yet if she hear; should love the message speed.

Then dies all hope;—then must Dione bleed. [Asde.]

LYCIDAS

#### LYCIDAS.

Hafte then, dear faithful swain. Beneath those yews. Whose sable arms the brownest shade diffuse, Where all around, to shun the servent sky, The panting flocks in ferny thickets lie; There with impatience shall I wait my friend. -O'er the wide prospect frequent glances send To fpy thy wish'd return. As thou shalt find A tender welcome, may thy Love be kind! [ Exit Lycidas.

# DIONE, LAURA.

# DIONE.

Methinks I'm now furrounded by despair. And ill my with ring hopes are lost in air. Thus the young linnet on the rocking bough Hears through long woods autumnal tempests blow, With hollow blasts the clashing branches bend; And yellow show'rs of rustling leaves descend:

K 4

She

# 200 D I O N E.

She sees the friendly shelter from her fly,

Nor dare her little pinions trust the sky;

But on the naked spray in wintry air,

All shiv'ring, hopeless, mourns the dying year.

What have spromis'd? rash, unthinking maid!

By thy own tongue thy wishes are betray'd!

[LAURA advaties.

#### LAURA.

Why walk'st thou thus disturb'd with frantick air ?
Why roll thy eyes with madness and despair?

# DIONE.

[Mufing.

From wilt thou bear to see her pride give way?
When thus the yielding nymph shall bid thee say,

- ' I et not the shepherd seek the silent grave,
- ' Say, that I bid him live-if hope can fave.'

#### LAURA.

Hath he discern'd thee through the swain's disguise, And now alike thy love and friendship slies?

#### DIONE.

Yes. Firm and faithful to the promise made, I'll range each sunny hill, each lawn and glade.

LAURA.

#### LAURA.

Tis Laura speaks. O calm your troubled mind.

#### DIONE.

Where shall my search this envy'd Beauty find?
I'll go, my faithless shepherd's cause to plead,
And with my tears accuse the rival maid.
Yet, should her soften'd heart to love incline!

#### LAURA.

If those are all thy fears, Evander's thine.

#### DIONE.

Why should we both in sorrow waste our days?

If love unseign'd my constant bosom sways,

His happiness alone is all I prize,

And that is center'd in Parthenia's eyes.

Haste then, with earnest zeal her love implore,

To bless his hours —when thou shalt breathe no more.

# ACT H. SCENE I.

Dione lying on the ground by the side of a Foun

#### DIONE.

View with impartial look my fading face.

Why are Parthenia's striking beauties priz'd?

And why Dione's weaker glance despis'd?

Nature in various molds has beauty cast,

And form'd the seature for each different taste:

This sighs for golden locks and azure eyes;

That, for the gloss of sable tresses, dies.

Some praise the gaudy tulip's streaky red,
And some the silver lilly's bending head;
Some the jonguil in shining yellow drest.
And some the sring'd carnation's varied vest;
Some love the soher vi'let's purple dyes.
Thus beauty fares in different lovers eyes.
But bright Parthenia like the rose appears,
She in all eyes superior lustre hears.

# SCENE II.

# DIONE, LAURA..

# LAURA.

Why thus beneath the filver willow laid,.

Weeps fair Diene in the pensive shade?

Hast thou yet found the over-arching bower,.

Which guards Parthenia from the sultry hour?

#### DIONE.

With weary step in paths unknown I stray'd,.

And sought in vain the solitary maid.

K 6

LAURA.

# Ezd4 DÍONÉ.

# LAURA,

Seeft thou the waving tops of yonder woods,
Whose aged arms imbrown the cooling shoods?
The cooling shoods o'er breaking pebbles show,
And wash the foil from the big roots below;
From the tall rock the dashing waters bound.
Hark, o'er the fields the rushing billows found!
There, lost in thought, and leaning on her crook,
Stood the sad nymph, nor rais'd her pensive look;
With settled eye the bubbling waves survey'd;
And watch'd the whirling eddies as they play'd.

#### DIONE.

Thither to know my certain doom I speed, For by this sentence life or death's decreed.

Ex

#### SCENE III.

# LAURA, CLEANTHES.

#### LAURA.

But see! some hasty stranger bends this way;
His broider'd vest restects the sunny ray:
Now through the thinner boughs I mark his mien,
Now veil'd, in thicker shades he moves unseen.
Hither he turns; I hear a mutt'ring sound;
Behind this rev'rend oak with ivy bound
Quick l'll retire; with busy thought possess.
His tongue betrays the secrets of his breast.

# [She bides berfelf.

# CLEANTHES.

The skilful hunter with experienc'd care
Traces the doubles of the circling hare;
The subtle fox (who breathes the weary hound
O'er hills and plains) in distant brakes is found;
With ease we track swift hinds and skipping roes.
But who th' inconstant ways of woman knows?

They

# THE DIENT

# Ctdisture.

The carfe of difference tears her mind.

The carfe of difference tears her mind.

If e'er your break with filial duty butn'd.

If e'er you forsow'd when a parent manya'd.

Tell her, I charge you, with inceffant grouns.

Her dropping for his absent child hemogans.

# LAURA,

and the first and a complete sectional

CLEANTHEST IT COME IN UT

When first he learnt his vagrant child was lost,
On the cold stoor his trembling timbs he stung.
And with thick blows his hollow bosom rung;
Then up he started, and with fixt surprise,
Upon her picture threw his frantick eyes,
While thus he cry'd. 'In her my life was boun

- Warm in each feature is her mother found!
- · Perhaps despair has been her fatal guide,
- And now the floats upon the weeping tide;

- ' Or on the willow hung, with head reclin'd,
- \* All pale and cold she wavers in the wind.
- Did I not force her hence by harsh commands?
- Did not her foul abhor the nuptial bands?

#### LAURA.

Teach not, ye fires, your daughters to rebell. By counsel rein their wills, but ne'er compel.

#### CLEANTHES.

Ye duteous daughters, trust these tender guides; Nor think a parent's breast the tyrant hides.

#### LAURA.

From either lid the scalding sorrows roll; The moving tale runs thrilling to my soul.

#### CLEANTHES.

Perhaps she wanders in the lonely woods,
Or on the sedgy borders of the sloods;
Thou know'st each cottage, forest, hill and vale,
And pebbled brook that winds along the dale.
Search each sequester'd dell to find the fair;
And just reward shall gratify thy care.

LAURA.

### LAURA.

O ye kind boughs protect the virgin's flight, And gourd Dione from his prying fight!

### CLEANTHES.

Wican while I'll feek the shepherd's cool abodes, Point me, fair nymph, along these doubtful mai

# LAURA.

Seeft thou yon' mountain rear his shaggy brow? In the green valley graze the flocks below: There ev'ry gale with warbling musick floats, Shade answers shade, and breathes alternate note.

[Exit Cleaning

He's gone; and to the distant vale is sent. Nor shall his sorce Dione's love prevent. But see, she comes again with hasty pace. And conscious pleasure dimples on her sice.

### SCENE IV.

# LAURA, DIONE.

#### DIONE.

found her laid beside the crystal brook,

Ior rais'd she from the stream her settled look,

Fill near her side I stood; her head she rears,

tarts sudden, and her shricks consess her sears,

# LAURA.

Did not thy words her thoughtful foul furprise; and kindle sparkling anger in her eyes?

# DIONE.

Thus the reply'd, with rage and fcorn possess.

- Will importuning love ne'er give me reft?
- Why am I thus in defarts wild purfu'd,
- Like guilty consciences when stain'd with blood ?
- " Sure boding ravens, from the blafted oak,
- Shall learn the name of Lycidas to croak,
- To found it in my ears! As swains pass by,
- With look askance, they shake their heads and cry,

Lol

# 212 DIONE

- ' Lo! this is the for whom the thepherd dy'd!
- " Soon Lycidas, a victim to her pride,
- " Shall feek the grave; and in the glimm'ring glade,
- " With lock all pale, shall glide the reftless shade
- ' Of the poor swain; while we with haggard eye
- ' And brilled hair the fleeting phantom fly.'
  Still let their curfes innocence upbraid:
  Heav'n never will forfake the virtuous maid.

#### LAURA.

Didft thou perfift to touch her haughty breast?

### Dion z.

She still the more difdain'd, the more I prest.

#### LAURA.

When you were gone, these walks a stranger crost, He turn'd through ev'ry path, and wander'd lost; To me he came; with courteous speech demands Feneath what bowers repos'd the shepherd bands; Then surther asks me, if among that race A shepherdess was found of courtly grace; With proffer'd bribes my faithful tongue essays; But for no bribe the faithful tongue betrays.

Shall a fond parent give perpetual strife,
And doom his child to be a wretch for life?
Though he bequeath'd me-all these woods and plains,
And all the slocks the russet down contains;
With all the golden harvests of the year,
Far as where yonder purple mountains rear;
Can these the broils of nuptial life prevent?
Can these, without Evander, give content?
But see, he comes.

### LAURA.

Where wanders by the stream my sleecy care.

Mayst thou the rage of this new slame controul,

And wake Dione in his tender soul! [Exit Laura.



# 216 DIONE.

# SCENE V.

DIONE, LYCIDAS.

# LYCIDAS.

Say, my Alexis, can thy words impart
Kind rays of hope to cheer a doubtful heart?
How didft thou first my pangs of love disclose?
Did her disdainful brow confirm my woes?
Or did soft pity in her bosom rise,
Heave on her breast, and languish in her eyes?

# DIONE

How shall my tongue the fault ring tale explain!
My heart drops blood to give the shepherd pain.

# LYCIDAS.

Pronounce her utmost scorn; I come prepar'd

To meet my doom. Say, is my death declar'd?

# DIONE.

Why should thy fate depend on woman's will! Forget this tyrant, and be happy still.

#### LYCIDAS.

Didft thou beseech her not to speed her flight. Nor shun with wrathful glance my hated sight? Will she consent my sighing plaint to hear, Nor let my piercing cries be loft in air?

### DIONE.

Can mariners appeale the tofling storm, When foaming waves the yawning deep deform? When o'er the fable cloud the thunder flies, Say, who shall calm the terror of the skies? Who shall the lion's famish'd roar asswage? And can we still proud woman's stronger rage? Soon as my faithful tongue pronounc'd thy name, Sudden her glances shot resentful flame: Be dumb, she cries, this whining love give o'er, And vex me with the teazing theme no more.

# LYCIDAS.

'Tis pride alone that keeps alive her scorn. Can the mean swain in humble cottage born, Can Poverty that haughty heart obtain, Where avarice and strong ambition reign? L

Vol.II.

If Poverty pass by in tatter'd coat,
Curs wex his heels and firetch their barking throat;
If chance he mingle in the female croud,
Pride toffes high her head, Scorn laughs aloud;
Each nymph turns from him to her gay gallant,
And wonders at the impudence of Want.

\*Tis vanity that rules all woman-kind,
Love is the weakest passion of their mind.

Dioni.

Though one is by those servile views possess, O Lycidas, condemn not all the rest.

### LYCIDAS.

Though I were bent beneath a load of years.

And seventy winters thin'd my hoary hairs;

Yet if my olive branches dropt with oil.

And crooked shares were brighten'd in my soil.

If lowing herds my fatt'ning meads possess,

And my white sleece the tawny mountain drest;

Then would she lure me with love-darting glance,

Then with fond mercenary smiles advance.

Though hell with ev'ry vice my soul had stain'd,

And froward anger in my bosom reign'd,

Though

Though avarice my coffers cloath'd in rust,
And my joints trembled with ensembled lust;
Yet were my ancient name with titles great,
How would she languish for the gaudy bait!
If to her love all-tempting wealth pretend,
What virtuous woman can her heart defend?

### Dione.

Conquests, thus meanly bought, men soon despise, And justly slight the mercenary prize.

### LYCIDAS.

I know these frailties in her breast reside,
Direct her glance, and ev'ry action guide.
Still let Alexis' faithful friendship aid,
Once more attempt to bend the stubborn maid.
Tell her, no base-born swain provokes her scorn,
No clown, beneath the sedgy cottage born;
Tell her, for her this sylvan dress I took,
For her my name and pomp of Courts forsook;
My losty roofs with golden sculpture shine,
And my high birth descends from ancient line.

L 2

DIONEL

### DIONE.

Love is a facred voluntary fire,

Gold never bought that pure, that chafte defire.

Who thinks true love for lucre to possess,

Shall grasp false flatt'ry and the seign'd cares;

Can we believe that mean, that servile wise,

Who vilely sells her dear-bought love for life,

Would not her virtue for an hour resign,

If in her sight the prosser'd treasure shine.

### LYCIDAS

Can reason (when by winds swift fires are born O'er waving harvests of autumnal corn) The driving sury of the slame reprove? Who then shall reason with a heart in love!

### DIONE.

Yet let me speak; O may my words persuade
The noble youth to quit this sylvan maid!
Resign thy crook, no more to plains resort,
Look round on all the beauties of the Court;
There shall thy merit sind a worthy stame,
Some nymph of equal wealth and equal name.

Think,

Think, if these offers should thy wish obtain,
And should the rustick beauty stoop to gain:
Thy heart could ne'er prolong th' unequal fire,
The sudden blaze would in one year expire;
Then thy rash folly thou too late shalt chide,
To Poverty and base-born blood ally'd;
Her vulgar tongue shall animate the strife,
And hourly discord vex thy suture life.

# LYCIDAS.

Such is the force thy faithful words impart,
'That like the galling goad they pierce my heart.

You think fair virtue in my breast resides,
That honest truth my lips and actions guides.

Deluded shepherd, could you view my soul,
You'd see it with deceit and treach'ry foul;
I'm base, persidious. Ere from Court I came,
Love singled from the train a beauteous dame;
The tender maid my fervent vows believ'd,
My fervent vows the tender maid deceiv'd.

Why dost thou tremble?—why thus heave thy sighs?
Why sheal the silent forrows from thy eyes?

. ;

Could you unmov'd this dreadful fight furvey? Such fatal fcenes shall frain the bridal day.

# LYCIDA!

The horrid thought finks deep into my foul, And down my cheek unwilling forrows roll.

### DIONE.

From this new flame you may as yet recede.

Or have you doom'd that guiltless maid shall bleed?

### LYCIDAI.

Name her no more.-Hafte, seek the ffivan Fair.

### DIONE.

Should the rich proffer tempt her list'ning ear, Bid all your peace adieu. O barb'rous youth, Can you forego your honour, love, and truth? Yet should Parthenia wealth and title slight, Would justice then restore Dione's right? Would you then dry her ever-falling tears; And bless with honest love your suture years?

Lyci-

### LYCIDAS.

I'll in yon shade thy wish'd return attend;

Come, quickly come, and cheer thy fighing friend.

[Exit Lycidas.

### DIONE.

Should her proud foul refift the tempting bait,
Should she contemn his proffer'd wealth and state,
Then I once more his perjur'd heart may move,
And in his bosom wake the dying love.
As the pale wretch involv'd in doubts and sears,
All trembling in the judgment-hall appears;
So shall I stand before Parthenia's eyes,
For as she dooms, Dione lives or dies.

.351 I

`. <u>f</u>



And those meek looks a perjur'd heart disguise.

Ah! who shall now on faithless man depend?

The treach'rous lover proves as false a friend.

#### LYCIDAS.

When with Dione's love my bosom glow'd, Firm constancy and truth sincere I yow'd; But since Parthenia's brighter charms were known My love, my constancy and truth are slown.

#### DIONE.

Are not thy hours with confcious anguish stung? Swift vengeance must o'ertake the perjur'd tongue. The Gods the cause of injur'd love affort,

And arm with stubborn pride Parthesia's heast.

# Dione.

O rather turn thy thoughts on that lost maid,
Whose hourly sighs thy faithless oath upbraid!
Think you behold her at the dead of night,
Plac'd by the glimm'ring taper's paly light,
With all your letters spread before her view,
While trickling tears the tender lines bedew;
Sobbing she reads the perj'ries o'er and o'er,
And her long nights know peaceful sleep no more.

#### Lyconal

Let me forget her.

### DIONE.

O faife youth, relieft;
Think should Parthenia to thy hopes confert;
When Parthenia to thy hopes confert;
When Parthenia to thy hopes confert;
When Parthenia forms to the should half, and institute the grade echoes of thy domes rejoice,
Then shall Divine force the crouded half,
Kneel at thy feet, and loud for justice call:
Could you behold her weltering on the ground,
The purple dagger reeking from the wound?

L 4

Could

# 228 DIONE

# SCENE IL

LYCIDAS, DIONE, PARTHENIA.

### LTCIDAL.

Hath profier'd greatness yet o'ercome her hate? And does the languish for the glitt'ring bait? Against the swain she might her pride support. Can she subdue her sex, and soom a Court? Perhaps in dreams the shining vision charms, And the rich bracelet sparkles on her arms; In sancy'd heaps the golden treasure glows: Partisnia, wake; all this thy swain bestows.

DIONE.

Sleeps she in these close bowers?



LYCIDAS.

-Lo! there she lies.

DIONE.

O may no startling found unseal her eyes,

And

And drive her hence away. 'Till now, in vain I trod the winding wood and weary plain. Hence, Lycidas; beyond those shades repose, While I thy fortune and thy birth disclose.

### LYCIDAS.

May I Parthenia to thy friendship owe ?

#### DIONE.

O rather think on lost Diane's woe!

Must she thy broken faith for ever mourn,
And will that juster passion ne'er return?

### LYCIDAS.

Upbraid me not; but go. Her slumbers chase; And in her view the bright temptation place.

[Exit Lycidas]

# DIONE

# Partualia.

If he's a Courtier; O ye Nymphs, beware;
Those who most promise are the least sincere.
The quick-ey'd hawk shoots headlong from above,
And in his positions bears the mentiling dove;
The pilf'ring wolf o'er-leaps the fold's defence.
But the false Courtier preys on innocence.

If he's a Courtier, O ye Nymphs, beware:

# Daper.

Alas! thou ne'er hast prov'd the sweets of State,

Nor known that female pleasure, to be great.

'Tis for the town ripe clusters load the poles,

And all our Autumn crowns the Courtier's bowls;

For him our woods the red-ey'd pheasant breed,

And annual coveys in our harvest feed;

For him with fruit the bending branch is stor'd,

Plenty pours all her blessings on his board.

If (when the market to the city calls)

We chance to pass beside his palace walls,

Does not his hall with musick's voice resound,

And the sloor tremble with the dancer's bound?

Such are the pleasures Lycides shalf give, When thy relenting bosom bids him live.

#### PARTHENIA.

See you gay goldfinch hop from spray to spray,
Who sings a farewell to the parting day;
At large he slies o'er hill and dale and down;
Is not each bush, each spreading tree his own.
And canst thou think he'll quit his native brier,
For the bright cage o'er-arch'd with golden wire f
What then are honours, pomp and gold to me?
Are those a price to purchase liberty!

# DIONE.

Think, when the Hymeneal torch shall blaze,
And on the solemn rites the virgins gaze;
When thy fair locks with glitt'ring gems are grac'd,
And the bright zone shall sparkle round thy waist,
How will their hearts with envious forrow pine,
When Lycidas shall join his hand to thine!

# PARTHENIA.

And yet, Alexis, all that pomp and show Are oft' the varnish of internal woe.

When

# 234 DIONE

When the chafte lamb is from her fifters led, And interwoven garlands paint her head; The gazing flock, all envious of her pride, Behold her skipping by the Priestess' side; Each hopes the flow'ry wreath with longing on While she, alas! is led to sacrifice! Thus walks the bride in all her state array'd, The gaze and envy of each thoughtless mail.

### DIONE.

As yet her tongue resists the tempting snare,
And guards my panting bosom from despair. [\*
Can thy strong soul this noble sname forego?
Must such a lover waste his life in woe?

# PARTHENIA.

Tell him, his gifts I fcorn; not all his art,
Not all his flattery shall seduce my heart.
Courtiers, I know, are disciplined to cheat,
Their infant lips are taught to life deceit;
To prey on easy nymphs they range the shade,
And vainly boast of innocence betrayed;
Chaste hearts, unlearned in falsehood, they assist And think our ear will drink the grateful tale:

No. Lycides, shall ne'er my peace destroy, I'll guard my virtue, and content enjoy.

# DIONE.

So firong a pattion in my botom burns,

Whene'er his foul is griev'd, Alexis mourns!

Canft thou this importuning ardor blame?

Would not thy tongue: for friendship urge the same?

### PARTHENIA.

Yes, blooming wain. You show an honest mind; I see it, with the purest slame resurd.

Who shall compare love's mean and gross desire To the chaste zeal of friendship's facred fire? By whining love our weakness is consett; But stronger friendship shows a virtuous breast. In Folly's heart the short-liv'd blaze may glow, Wisdom alone can purest friendship know. Love is a sudden blaze which soon decays, Friendship is like the sun's eternal rays; Not daily benefits exhaust the slame, It still is giving, and still burns the same; And sould slavis from his soul remove.

Such

# DIONB.

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Such mild, such gentle looks thy heart declare, Fain would my breast thy saithful friendship share

### DIONE.

How dare you in the diff'rent fex confide?

And feek a friendship which you ne'er have try'd

### PARTHENIA.

Yes, I to thee could give up all my heart.

From thy chafte eye no wanton glances dart;

Thy modest lips convey no thought impure,

With thee may strictest virtue walk secure.

### DIONE.

Yet can I safely on the nymph depend, Whose unrelenting scorn can kill my friend!

# PARTHENIA.

Accuse me not, who act a generous part;
Had I, like city maids, a fraudful heart,
Then had his proffers taught my soul to seign,
Then had I vilely stoopt to sordid gain,
Then had I sigh'd for honours, pomp and gold,
And for unhappy chains my freedom sold.

If you would fave him, bid him leave the plain, And to his native city turn again; There, shall his passion find a ready cure, There not one dame resists the glitt'ring lure.

#### DIONE.

All this I frequent urg'd, but urg'd in vain. Alas! thou only canst asswage his pain!

# SCENE IV.

Dione, Parthenia, Lycidas.

[Listening.

### LYCIDAS.

Why stays Alexis? can my bosom bear
Thus long alternate storms of hope and sear?
Yonder they walk; no frowns her brow disguise,'
But love consenting sparkles in her eyes;
Here will I listen, here, impatient wait.
Spare me, Parthenia, and resign thy hate.

[Aside.

PAR-

And let Parthenia share his peaceful hours.

#### LYCIDAS.

What do I hear? my friendfhip is betray'd; The treach'rous rival has feduc'd the maid.

#### PARTHENIA.

With thee, where bearded goats defeend the stee Or where, like winter's snow, the nibbling shee Cloath the slope hills; I'll pass the cheerful day. And from thy reed my voice shall catch the lay. But see, still Ev'ning spreads her dusky wings, The slock, slow-moving from the misty springs, Now seek their fold. Come, shepherd, let's aw To close the latest labours of the day.

[Excunt band in

### SCENE V.

#### LYCIDAS

My troubled heart what dire disasters rend?
A scornful mistress, and a treach'rous friend!
Would ye be cozen'd, more than woman can,
Unlock your bosom to persidious man.
One faithful woman have these eyes beheld,
And against her this perjur'd heart rebell'd:
But search as far as earth's wide bounds extend,
Where shall the wretched find one faithful friend?

# SCENE VI.

LYCIDAS, DIONE.

LYCIDAS.

Why flarts the swain? why turn his eyes away, As if amidst his path the viper lay?

Did I not to thy charge my heart confide? Did I not trust thee near Parthenia's fide, As here she slept i'

Dione.

\_\_\_\_She ftraight my call obey

And downy flumber left the loyely maid; As in the morn awakes the folded rofe, And all around her breathing odour throws; So wak'd Parthesia.

LYCIDAR.

Could thy guarded heart,
When her full beauty glow'd, put by the dart?
Yet on dissis let my foul depend;
'Tis most ungen'rous to suspect a friend.
And thou, I hope, hast well that name profest.

DIONE.

O could thy piercing eye discern my breast! Could'st thou the secrets of my bosom see, There ev'ry thought is fill'd with cares for thee.

# DIONE

#### LYCIDAS.

Is there, against hypocrify, defence,
Who cloaths her words and looks with innotence!

[Afile.

Say, shepherd, when you proffer'd wealth and state, Did not her scorn and suppled pride abate?

### DIONE.

As sparkling di'monds to the feather'd train,
Who scrape the winnow'd chaff in search of grain;
Such to the shepherdess the Court appears;
Content she seeks, and spurns those glitt'ring cares.

# LYCIDAS.

Tis not in woman grandeur to despise,
Tis not from Courts, from me alone she flies.
Did not my passion suffer like disgrace,
While she believ'd me born of sylvan race?
Dost thou not think, this proudest of her kind
Has to some rival swain her heart resign'd?

# DIONE.

No rival shepherd her disdain can move; Her frozen bosom is averse to love.

VUL.U.

M

rac i

# DIONE

# LYCIDAS;

Say, art thou fure, that this ungrateful fair Scorns all alike, hids all alike dofpair?

# Drove.

How can I know the fecrets of her heart?

### LYCIDAS.

Answer fincere, nor from the question start.

Say, in her glance was never love confest,

And is no swain distinguish'd from the rest?

### DIONE.

O Lycidas, bid all thy troubles cease; Let not a thought on her diffurb thy peace. May justice bid thy former passion wake; Think how Dione suffers for thy sake: Let not a broken oath thy honour stain, Recall thy vows, and seek the town again. Hath some new shepherd warm'd Parthenia's breast? And does my love his am'rous hours modelt? Is it for this thou bid'st me quit the plain? Yes, yes, thou sondly lov'st this rival swain. When sirst my cheated soul thy friendship woo'd, To my warm heart I took the vip'rous brood. O false Aexis?

### DIONE:

Why am I accus'd?
Thy jealous mind is by weak fears abus'd,

# LYCIDAS.

Was not thy bosom fraught with false design?
Didst thou not plead his cause, and give up mine?
Let not thy tongue evasive answer seek;
The conscious crimson rises on thy cheek:
Thy coward conscience, by thy guilt dismay'd,
Shakes in each joint, and owns that I'm betray'd.

# DIONE.

How my poor heart is wrong'd! O spare thy friend!

Je l' Bred don l'Excides.

Seek not detected falsehood to desend.

M 2

DIONE.

Own thyself then the rival of my slame.

If this be she for whom Alexis pin'd,
She now no more is to thy vows unkind.

Behind the thicket's twisted verdure laid,
I witness'd every tender thing she said;
I saw bright pleasure kindle in her eyes,
Love warm'd each feature at thy soft replies.

DIONE.

Yet hear me fpeak.

LYCIDAS.

-In vain is all defence.

Did not thy treach'rous hand conduct her hence Hafte, from my fight. Rage burns in ev'ry vei

### LYCIDAS.

Talk not of Truth; long fince she left mankind.
So smooth a tongue! and yet so false a heart!
Sure Courts first taught thee fawning friendship's art!
No. Thou art false by nature.

DIONE.

-Let me clear

This heavy charge, and prove my trust sincere.

### LYCIDAS.

Boast then her favours; say, what happy hour Next calls to meet her in th' appointed bower; Say, when and where you met.

D.ONE.

-Be rage supprest.

In stabbing mine, you wound Parthenia's breaft.

She said, she still defy'd Love's keenest dart;

Yet purer friendship might divide her heart,

Friendship's sincerer bands she wish'd to prove.

M 3

Lyci-

O may her passion like thy friendship last!

May she betray thee ere a day be past!

Hence then. Away. Thou'rt hateful to my sigh!

And thus I spurn the fawning hypocrite.

[Exit Lycie

# SCENE VII.

DIONE.

Was ever grief like mine! O wretched maid!

My friendship wrong'd! my constant love betray'd

Misfortune haunts my steps where'er I go,

And all my days are overcast with woe.

Long have I strove th' increasing load to bear,

Where waters, trickling down the rifted wall,
Shall lull my forrows with the tinkling fall,
There, feek thy grave. How canft thou bear the light,
When banish'd ever from Evander's fight!

# SCENE VIII.

# DIONE, LAURA.

### LAURA.

Why hangs a cloud of grief upon thy brows?

Does the proud nymph accept Evander's vows?

### DIONE ..

Can I bear life with these new pangs oppress I.

Again he tears me from his faithless breast:

A perjur'd Lover sirst he sought these plains,

And now my friendship like my love distains.

As I new offers to Parthenia made,

Conceal'd he stood behind the woodbine shade.

He says, my treach'rous tongue his heart betray'd,

That my salse speeches have missied the maid;

M 4 With

With groundles fear he thus his foul deceives; What frenzy dictates, jealoufy believes.

# LAURA.

Refign thy crook, put off this manly well,

And let the wrong'd Dione fland confest;

When he shall learn what forrows thou hast born,

And find that nought relents Paribenia's scorn,

Sure he will pity thee.

### DIONE.

-No, Laure, no.

Should I, alas! the fylvan dress forego,
Then might he think that I her pride foment,
That injur'd love instructs me to resent;
Cur secret enterprize might fatal prove;
Man slies the plague of persecuting love.

# LAURA

Avoid Parthinia; left his rage grow warm, And jealoufy resolve some satal harm.

# Dione.

O Laura, if thou chance the youth to find,
Tell him what torments vex my anxious mind;
Shoul

Should I once more his awful presence seek,
The filent tears would bathe my glowing cheek;
By rising sighs my fault'ring voice be stay'd,
And trembling sear too soon confess the maid.
Haste, Laura, then; his vengesul soul asswage,
Tell him, I'm guiltless; cool his blinded rage;
Tell him that truth sincere my friendship brought,
Let him not cherish one suspicious thought.
Then to convince him, his distrust was vain,
I'll never, never see that nymph again.
This way he went.

# LAURA.

The star of evining sheds his silver light
High o'er you western hill: the cooling gales.
Fresh odours breathe along the winding dales;
Far from their home as yet our shepherds stray,
To close with chearful walk the sultry day.
Methinks from far I hear the piping swain;
Hark, in the breeze now swells, now sinks the strain!
Thither I'll seek him.

M, s

DIONEL

DIONE

DIONE.

While this length of glade Shall lead me penfive through the fable shade; Where on the branches murmur rushing winds, Grateful as falling floods to love-sick minds. O may this path to Death's dark vale descend! There only, can the wretched hope a friend.

[Ex. Jeon in



# SCENEL

## A Wood.

DIONE, CLEANTHES, (who lies wounded in & distant part of the stage.):

#### DIONE.

HE moon serene now climbs th' aerial way : See, at her fight ten thousand stars decay: With trembling gleam she tips the silent grove, While all beneath the chequer'd shadows move. Turn back thy filver axles, downward roll, Darkness best fits the horrors of my foul; Rife, rife, ye clouds; the face of heav'n deform, Veil the bright Goddess in a sable storth? O look not down upon a wretched maid! Let thy bright torch the happy lover aid, . M.6

And light his wand'ring footfleps to the bower Where the kind nymph attends th' appointed hour. Yet thou halt feen unhappy love, like mine; Did not thy lamp in heav'n's blue forehead shine. When Thille fought her love along the glade? Didit thou not then behold the gleaming blade; And gild the fatal point that fiabb'd her breaft? Soon J. like her, thall feek the realms of reft. Let groves of mournful yew a wretch furround? O footh my ear with melancholy found! The village curs now firetch their velling throat, And dogs from diffant cotts return the note: The ray nous wolf along the valley prowls, And with his famish'd cries the mountain howls. But hark! what fudden noise advances near? Repeated groans alarm my frighted ear!

## CLEANTHES.

Shepherd, approach; ah! fly not through the glade.

A wretch all dy'd with wounds invokes thy aid.

#### DIONE-

Say then, unhappy firanger, how you bled;: Collect thy spirits, raise thy drooping head.

[Cleanthes raises bimself on bis arm.

horrid fight! Cleanthes gasping lies;

Id Death's black shadows float before his eyes.

Iknown in this disguise, I'll check my woe,

Id learn what bloody hand has struck the blow. [Aside.

y, youth, ere Fate thy seeble voice confounds,

hat led thee hither? whence these purple wounds?

#### CLEANTHES\_

ay, fiseting life; may strength a-while prevail, she my clos'd lips confine th' imperfect tale.

e the streak'd East grew warm with amber ray, rom the city took my doubtful way, it o'er the plains I sought a beauteous maid, ho from the Court, in these wide forests stray'd, anders unknown; as I, with weary pain, ry'd ev'ry path, and op'ning glade, in vain; band of thieves, forth-rushing from the wood, asshed their daggers warm with daily blood; sep in my breast the barb'rous steel is dy'd, and purple hands the golden prey divide.

ence are these mangling wounds. Say, gentle swain, thou hast known among the sylvan train.

DIONE.

-What mov'd thy care,

Thus, in these pathless wilds to search the fair?

### CLEANTHES.

I charge you, O ye daughters of the grove,
Ye Naiads, who the mossy fountains love,
Ye happy swains, who range the pastures wide,
Ye tender nymphs, who feed your slocks beside;
If my last gasping breath can pity move,
If e'er ye knew the pangs of slighted love,
Show her, I charge you, where Cleanibes dy'd;
The grass yet recking with the sanguine tide.
A father's power to me the virgin gave,
But she disdain'd to live a nuptial slave;
So shed her native home.

## DIONE.

"Tis then from thee Springs the foul fource of all her misery. Could'st thou, thy selfish appetite to please, Condemn to endless woes another's peace?

# DIONE

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## CLEANTHES.

O spare me; nor my haples love upbraid.

While on my heart Death's frozen hand is laid!

Go, seek her, guide her where Cleanthes bled;

When she surveys her lover pale and dead;

Tell her, that since she sled my hateful sight,

Without remorfe I sought the realms of night.

Methinks I see her view these poor remains,

And on her cheek indecent gladness reigns!

Full in her presence cold Cleanthes lies,

And not one tear stands trembling in her eyes!

O let a sigh my haples sate deplore!

Cleanthes now controuls thy love no more.

DIONE

How shall my lids confine these rising woes? [ Asde-

## CLEANTHES

O might I fee her, ere Death's finger close
These eyes for ever! might her soften'd breast,
Forgive my love with too much ardor press!
Then I with peace could yield my latest breath.

. ان ۵

DIONE.

# DIONE

### DIOKE.

Shall I not calm the fable hour of death,

And show my self before him!—Plah! he dies.

See, from his trembling lip the spirit slies! [As

Stay yet awhile. Diese stands confest.

He knows me not. He faints, he sinks to rest.

#### CLEARTHES. .

Tell her, fince all my hopes in her were loff,
That death was welcome——

## Dimer:

What sudden gusts of grief my bosom rend?!

A parent's curses o'er my head impend

For disobedient vows; O wretched maid,

Those very vows Evander hath betray'd.

See, at thy seet Cleanthes bath'd in blood!

For love of thee he trod this lonely wood;

Thou art the cruel auth'ress of his sate;

He salls by thine, thou, by Evander's hate.

When shall my soul know rest? Cleanthes slain.

No longer sighs and weeps for thy disdain.

TD.

i fill art curst with love. Bleed, virgin, bleed.

shall a wretch from anxious life be freed!

roubled brain with sudden frenzy burns,
shatter'd thought now this, now that way turns.

t do I see thus glitt'ring on the plains?
! the dread sword yet warm with crimson stains!

[Takes up the daggere

## SCENE II.

Dione, PARTHENIA.

### PARTHENIA.

t is the walk when night has cool'd the hour.

path directs me to my sylvan bower.

[Afida

## DIONE.

is my foul with sudden fear dismay'd?

drops my trembling hand the pointed blade?

ing my arm with force!

[Asidea

## PARTHENIA.

Methought a noise
e through the filent air, like human voice. [Afthe
Dions.

### PARTHERIA.

Sure 'twas Alexir. Hah! a fword display'd! The fireaming luftre darts across the shade.

[4

## D:ONE.

May Heav'n new vigour to my foul impart,

And guide the defp'rate weapon to my heart! [4]

## PARTHEBIA.

May I the meditated death arrest! [Holds Dione's has Sprike not, rath shephered; spare thy guiltless bread O give me strength to stay the threaten'd harm, And wrench the dagger from his listed arm!

DIONB.

But if yon' murder thy red hands hath dy'd; Here. Pierce me deep; let forth the vital tide.

#.

L:

[Dione quits the dagger

#### PARTHENIA.

Wait not thy fate; but this way turn thy eyes?

My virgin hand no purple murder dyes.

Turn then, Alexis; and Parthenia know,

Tis she protests thee from the fatal blow.

### DIONE.

Must the night-watches by my fighs be told?

And must these eyes another morn behold

Through dazling sloods of tears? inngentrous mail.

The friendly stroke is by thy hand delay d;

Call it not mercy to prolong my breath;

Tis but to torture me with ling'ring death,

# PARTHENM.

What moves thy hand to act this bloody part?

Whence are these gnawing pangs that tear thy heart?

Is that thy friend who lies before thee slain?

Is it his wound that recks upon the plain?

#### Duest.

No. I the firanger found,
Recchilly death his formen tongue had bound,
He faid; As at the roly dearn of day,
He from the city took his vagrant way,
A manifring hand pour'd on him from the wood,
First feir'd his gold, then both'd their fwords in blood,

### PARTHENIA.

You, whose ambition labours to be great,
Think on the perils which on riches wait.
Safe are the stephend's paths; when sober Even.
Stracks with pale light the bending arch of Heaven,
From danger free, through defarts wild he hies,
The rising smoak far o'er the mountain spies,
Which marks his distant cottage; on he fares,
For him no murd'rers lay their nightly snares;
They pass him by, they turn their steps away:
Safe Poverty was ne'er the villain's prey.
At home he lies secure in easy sleep,
No bars his ivy-mantled cottage keep;
No thieves in dreams the fancy'd dagger hold,
And drag him to detect the buried gold;

Nor starts he from his couch aghast and pale,
When the door murmurs with the hollow gale,
While he, whose iron coffers rust with wealth,
Harbours beneath his roof Deceit and Stealth;
Treach'ry with lurking pace frequents his walks,
And close behind him horrid Murder stalks.

Tis tempting lucre makes the villain bold.
There lies a bleeding facrifice to gold.

### DIONE.

To live, is but to wake to daily cares,

And journey through a tedious vale of tears.

Had you not rush'd between, my life had flown a

And I, like him, no more had forrow known.

## PARTHENIA.

When anguish in the gloomy bosom dwells, The counsel of a friend the cloud dispels. Give thy breast vent, the secret grief impart, And say what woe lies heavy at thy heart. To save thy life kind Heav'n has succour sent, The Gods by me thy threaten'd fate prevent.

When you the lifted dagger turn'd afide,
Only one road to death thy force deny'd;
Still fate is in my reach. From mountains high,
Deep in whose shadow craggy ruins lie,
Can I not headlong sling this weight of woe,
And dash out life against the slints below?
Are there not streams, and lakes, and rivers wide,
Where my last breath may bubble on the tide?
No.: Life shall never statter me again,
Nor shall to-morrow bring new sighs and pain.

PARTHENIA.

Can I this burthen of thy foul relieve; And calm thy grief?

That pride no longer shall command thy mind, That thou wilt spare the friend I leave behind. I know his virtue worthy of thy breast. Long in thy love may Lycidas be blest!

### PARTHENIA.

That swain (who would my liberty controul,
To please some short-liv'd transport of his soul)
Shows, while his importuning slame he moves,
That 'tis not me, himself alone he loves.
O live, nor leave him by missortune prest;
'Tis shameful to desert a friend distrest,

### DIONE.

His! 4 wretch like me no loss would prove.
Would kind Parthenia listen to his love.

## PARTHENIA.

Why hides thy bosom this mysterious grief? Ease thy o'erburthen'd heart, and hope relief.

## DIONE.

What profits it to touch thy terider breast,
With wrongs, like mine, which never can be redress?

## SCENE IIL

## DIOSE, PARTHENIA, LYCIDAS.

LYCIDAS.

If Laura right direct the darksome ways,
Along these paths the pensive shepherd strays. [.

Dions.

Let not a tear for me roll down thy cheek.

O would my throbbing fighs my heart-firings bre
Why was my breaft the lifted firoke deny'd?

Must then again the deathful deed be try'd?

Yes, 'Tis resolv'd. [Snatches the dagger from Parth

PARTHENIA.

---Ah, hold; forbear, forbear!

LYCIDAS.

Methought Distress with shricks alarm'd my ear.

## DIONE

#### PARTHENIA.

Strike not. Ye Gods, defend him from the wound!

## LYCIDAS.

Yes. 'Tis Parthenia's voice, I know the found. Some fylvan ravisher would force the maid, And Laura sent me to her virtue's aid. Die, villain, die; and seek the shades below.

[Lycidas fnatches the dagger from Dione, and flahs her.

### DIONE.

Whoe'er thou art, I bless thee for the blow.

## LYCIDAS.

Since Heav'n ordain'd this arm thy life should guard, O hear my vows! be love the just reward.

## PARTHENIA.

Rather let vengeance, with her swiftest speed,
O'ertake thy slight, and recompence the deed!
Why stays the thunder in the upper sky?
Gather, ye clouds; ye forky lightnings, sly:
Vol. II.

On

On thee may all the wrath of Heav'n descend, Whose barb'rous hand hath slain a faithful friend. Behold Alexis!

## LYCIDAS.

—Would that treach'rous boy
Have forc'd thy virtue to his brutal joy?
What rous'd his passion to this bold advance?
Did e'er thy eyes consess one willing glance?
I know, the faithless youth his trust betray'd;
And well the dagger hath my wrongs repaid.

DIONE. [Raifing berfelf on but some Breaks not Evander's voice along the glade? Hah! is it he who holds the reeking blade! There needed not or poison, sword, or dart; Thy faithless vows, alas! had broke my heart. [4]

## PARTHENIA.

O tremble, shepherd, for thy rash offence, The sword is dy'd with murder'd innocence! His gentle soul no brutal passion seiz'd, Nor at my bosom was the dagger rais'd; Self-murder was his aim; the youth I found Whelm'd in despair, and stay'd the falling wound.

### DIONE.

Into what mischies is the lover led,
Who calls down vengeance on his perjur'd head!
O may he ne'er bewail this desperate deed,
And may, unknown, unwept, Dione bleed! [Aside.

#### LYCIDAS.

What horrors on the guilty mind attend!

His conscience had reveng'd an injur'd friend,

Hadst thou not held the stroke. In death he sought

To lose the heart-consuming pain of thought.

Did not the smooth-tongu'd boy persidious prove,

Plead his own passion, and betray my love?

#### DIONE.

O let him ne'er this bleeding victim know;
Left his rash transport, to revenge the blow,
Should in his dearer heart the dagger stain!
That wound would pierce my soul with double pain.

[ Africe.

N 2

PAR-

## DIONE.

### PARTHENIA.

How did his faithful lips (now pale and cold) With moving eloquence thy griefs unfold!

### LYCIDAS.

Was he thus faithful? thus, to friendship true?
Then I'm a wretch. All peace of mind, adieu!
If ebbing life yet beat within thy vein,
Alexis, speak; unclose those lids again.

[Flings bimfelf on the ground near Diou

See at thy feet the barb'rous villain kneel!
'Tis Lycidas who grasps the bloody steel,
Thy once lov'd friend.—Yet ere I cease to live,
Canst thou a wretched penitent forgive?

## DIONE.

When low beneath the fable mould I rest,
May a sincerer friendship share thy breast!
Why are those heaving groans? (ah! cease to wep')
May my lost name in dark oblivion sleep;
Let this sad tale no speaking stone declare,
From suture eyes to draw a pitying tear.

et o'er my grave the lev'lling plough-share pass,

Aark not the spot; forget that e'er I was.

Then may'st thou with Parthenia's love be blest,

And not one thought on me thy joys molest!

My swimming eyes are over-power'd with light,

And dark'ning shadows sleet before my sight:

May'st thou be happy! ah! my soul is free.

[Dies]

### LYCIDAS,

O cruel shepherdess, for love of thee [To Parthenia]
This fatal deed was done.

## SCENE the last.

Lycidas, Parthenia, Laurae

LAURA.

---- Alexis Sain !

LYCIDAS.

Yes. 'Twas I did it. See this crimfon flain ! ...

My

My hands with blood of innocence are dy'd.

O may the moon her filver beauty hide

In rolling clouds! my foul abhors the light;

Shade, fhade the murd'rer in eternal night!

## LAURA.

No rival shepherd is before thee laid;
There bled the chastest, the sincerest maid
That ever sigh'd for love. On her pale sace,
Cannot thy weeping eyes the seature trace
Of thy once dear Dione? with wan care
Sunk are those eyes, and livid with despair!

## LYCIDAS,

Diene!

## LAURA.

-There pure confiancy lies dead!

## LYCIDAS.

May heav'n shower vengeance on this perjur'd head As the dry branch that withers on the ground, So, blasted he the hand that gave the wound! Off; hold me not. This heart deserves the stroke;
\*Tis black with treach'ry. Yes: the vows are broke
[Stab: bimself.

Which I so often swore. Vain world adieu!

Though I was false in life, in death I'm true. [Diss.

### LAURA.

To-morrow shall the funeral rites be paid, And these Love victims in one grave be laid.

#### PARTHENIA.

There shall the yew her sable branches spread, And mournful cypress rear her fringed head.

## LAURA.

From thence shall thyme and myrtle send persume, And laurel ever-green o'ershade the tomb.

## PARTHENIA.

Come, Laura, let us leave this horrid wood,
Where streams the purple grass with lovers blood;
Come to my bower. And as we forrowing go,
Let poor Dione's story feed my woe

With

# 272 DIONE.

With heart-relieving tears.

LAURA. [Pointing to Di

Had'st thou a parent's just command obey'd,
Thou yet had'st liv'd.—But who shall Love advise
Love scorns command, and breaks all other ties.
Henceforth, ye swains, be true to vows profest;
For certain vengeance strikes the perjur'd breast.

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